Western Australia Parliamentary Library

2021 Census Results Mirrabooka

Comparison year: 2016

Benchmark area: Western Australia



community profile





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Welcome to the Western Australia Parliamentary Library Electorate Profiles

This site provides Census data based on the electoral boundaries current in Western Australia for the March 2021 state election.

New information from the 2021 Census is being progressively rolled out across this site.

The ABS has released two batches of data from the Australian 2021 Census since June 2022. Most Census-based topics on this community profile include 2021 data. The remaining topics are being updated progressively. Look for the orange indicators in the menu to see which topics have been updated. Read more about the Census.

Sign up for regular alerts on updates to this site. >>

The Western Australia Parliamentary Library Electorate Profiles provides demographic analysis for the State and smaller areas within it based on results from the 2021, 2016 and 2011 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures.

Population

2,749,864

ABS ERP 2021

Land area

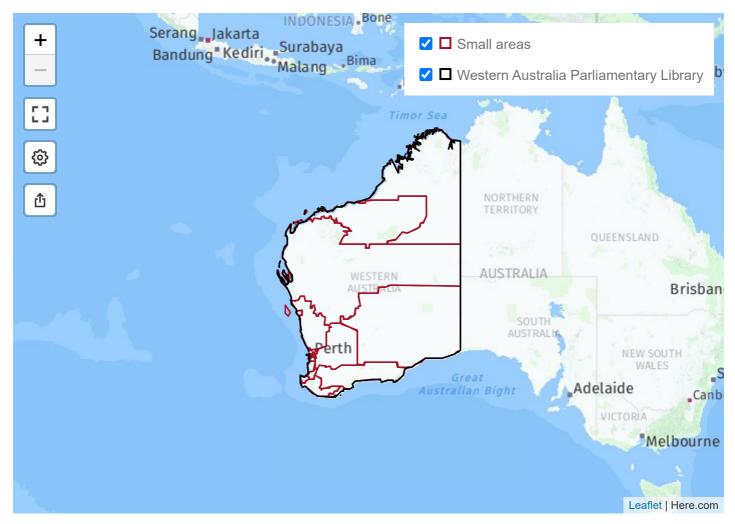
2,531,514

square km

Population density

1.09

persons per square km



Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

News more >

Census insight: Working from home

What does the Census tell us about our changing work habits?

27 October 2022

eBook: Understanding liveability

Key considerations for policy makers.

20 September 2022

Health of a nation

How long-term health conditions data can inform local government decisions.

11 August 2022

'Vacant' dwellings - keep calm and dig deeper

The nuances of unoccupied dwellings are sometimes overlooked by media reports.

3 August 2022

Population highlights

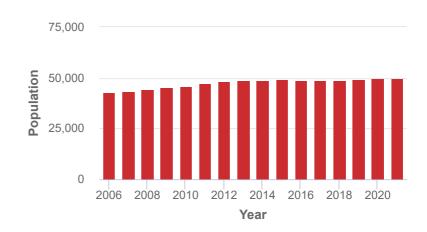
Population

49,923

ERP, 2021

▲ Grown by 37 from the previous year.

Estimated Resident Population Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

2021 data with change from 2016 unless otherwise stated.

- No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census
- ▼ Decreased since previous Census

36 ▲(3)	
Greater Perth WA Australia	37 A 38 A

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population								
3.0% (0.3%)								
0 1 5 11	0.00/							
Greater Perth WA	2.0% •							
Australia	3.2%							

Couples with children 30% ▼ (-2.3%) Greater Perth 32% ▼ WA 30% ▼ Australia 30% ▼



Lone person households

25% (3.1%)

Greater Perth 24% ▲
WA 24% ▲
Australia 24% ▲

Medium and high density Housing

21% (-5.1%)

Greater Perth 24% ▼
WA 21% ▼
Australia 28% ▲

Median weekly household income

\$1,368 (\$168)

Greater Perth \$1,866 ▲ WA \$1,834 ▲ Australia \$1,740 ▲

Median weekly mortgage repayment

\$348 •(\$-38)

Greater Perth \$440 ▼
WA \$425 ▼
Australia \$432 ▲

Median weekly rent

\$300 •(\$-37)

Greater Perth \$350 ▼
WA \$340 ▼
Australia \$380 ▲

Households renting

32% (2.2%)

Greater Perth 26% ${\color{red} \blacktriangle}$ WA 26% ${\color{red} \blacktriangle}$ Australia 30% ${\color{red} \blacktriangle}$

Households with a mortgage

36% ▼(-1.5%)

Greater Perth 40% ▲
WA 38% ▲
Australia 33% ▲

Overseas born

45% **(-0.2%)**

Greater Perth 36% ↔ WA 32% ↔ Australia 28% ▲

Language at home other than English

44% (-0.1%)

Greater Perth 21% ▲
WA 18% ▲
Australia 22% ▲

University attendance

4% (-0.2%)

Greater Perth 5%
WA 4%
Australia 5%

University qualification

15% (2.4%)

Greater Perth 26% ▲
WA 24% ▲
Australia 26% ▲

Trade qualification (certificate)

20% (1.2%)

Greater Perth 20% ▲ 21% ▲ Australia 19% ◆

Unemployment rate

7.9% **(**-3.7%)

Greater Perth 5.3% ▼
WA 5.1% ▼
Australia 5.1% ▼

Participation rate (population in labour force)

58% _(0.7%)

Greater Perth 65% ▲
WA 64% ▲
Australia 61% ▲

Worked at home

4% (1.8%)

Greater Perth 8% ▲
WA 8% ▲
Australia 21% ▲

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2016

897

Greater Perth 1026 ▲
WA 1015 ▲
Australia 1002 ▲

Mirrabooka About the profile areas

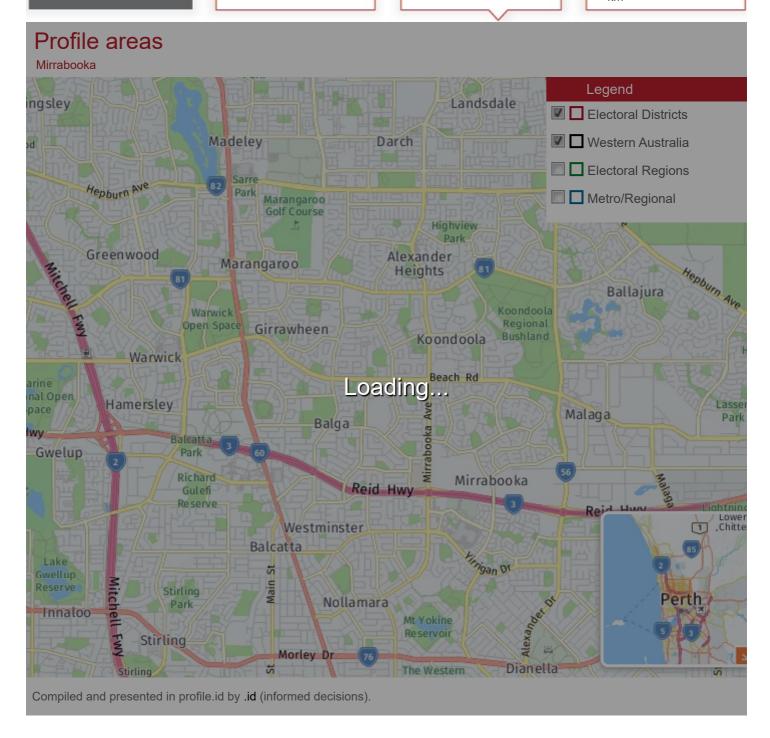
Important Statistics

Population
49,923
2021 ABS ERP

social atlas

Land area 23.79 square km

Population density
2,099
persons per square
km



Population and dwellings

There are a number of different ways of measuring the population of an area, all of which give an insight into the size of the place and its rate of growth over different time periods. The Census counts people where they are on the night of the Census (enumerated population) and also by where they usually live (usual residence). Both these populations are useful and form the basis for a range of characteristics collected in the Census.

However, the most accurate count of the total population is Estimated Resident Population, which factors in an estimate of those missed in the Census and those who were overseas on Census night. It is usually higher than either Census count, and is also updated annually after the Census, providing preliminary estimates for up to 5 years.

This page provides the three population counts for Mirrabooka at the last Census, with comparisons to previous Census years for the Census counts only. The current estimate for Mirrabooka at the most recent year available is shown at the top of the page. This figure is a preliminary estimate only and is subject to review after the next Census data are released. Please use with caution.

Also included are a range of sub-population groups and key statistics from the Census (usual resident) population, such as citizens, employed persons and Indigenous population.

These figures all provide the context for the size of the population and growth rate within Mirrabooka and should be looked at in conjunction with other basic demographic information, such as Age Structure, Dwelling Type and Household Size.

The data on this page are sourced from a variety of different tables and designed to give a range of population and dwelling numbers for the area.

Population

Mirrabooka - Total persons	2021				Change		
Population	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Estimated Resident Population	49,923			48,770			+1,153
Enumerated Population	47,486			46,563			+923
Usual Resident Population	48,121			47,135			+986

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Selected subpopulation categories

Mirrabooka - Total people (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Population group	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Males	24,087	50.1	49.7	23,767	50.4	50.0	+320
Females	24,034	49.9	50.3	23,371	49.6	50.0	+663
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population	1,463	3.0	3.3	1,289	2.7	3.1	+174
Australian citizens	37,567	78.1	82.8	35,994	76.4	79.0	+1,573
Eligible voters (citizens aged 18+)	28,416	59.1	62.7	26,713	56.7	59.5	+1,703
Population over 15	38,681	80.4	81.0	37,516	79.6	80.7	+1,165
Employed Population	20,798	92.1	94.9	19,119	88.4	92.2	+1,679
Overseas visitors (enumerated)	96			350			-254

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwellings

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Dwellings	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Total dwellings	19,084	100.0	100.0	18,082	100.0	100.0	+1,002
Occupied private dwellings	17,753	93.0	89.5	16,680	92.2	87.4	+1,073
Population in non-private dwellings	460			310			+150
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.65		2.48	2.79		2.52	-0.15

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

*Note that this is an estimate based on ERP at the SA1 level. It is subject to review after the next Census data release and may not match .id's population forecasts.

Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is the Australian Bureau of Statistics' official 2021 population figure for all Local Government Areas (LGAs) - but is subject to review after the next Census release. For areas smaller than LGAs, the ERP is derived from SA1 geographies based on population distribution from the previous Census. As such, these smaller geographies are subject to a greater level of revision each Census due to the change in actual numbers and in population distributions.

Populations are counted and estimated in various ways. The most comprehensive population count available in Australia is derived from the Census of Population and Housing conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics every five years. However the Census count is generally an under-estimate of the actual population, due to people missed in the Census and people overseas on Census night. To provide a more accurate population figure more frequently, the ABS also produces ERP numbers.

See data notes for a detailed explanation of different population types, how they are calculated and when to use each one.

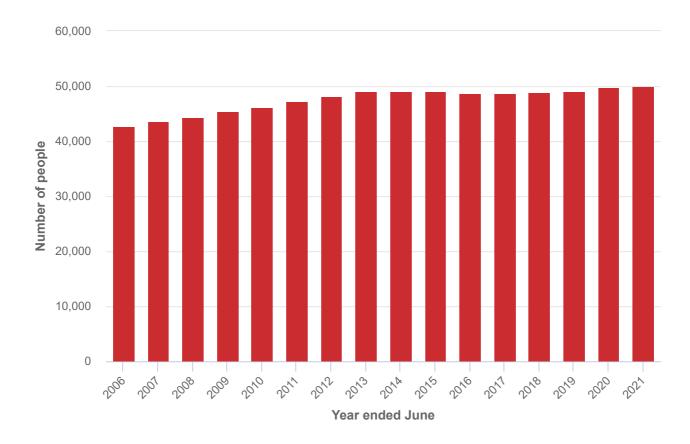
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Year (ending June 30)	Number	Change in number	Change in percent	Western Australia change in percent
2006	42,703			
2007	43,565	+862	+2.02	+2.71
2008	44,393	+828	+1.90	+3.11
2009	45,514	+1,121	+2.53	+3.16
2010	46,114	+600	+1.32	+2.26
2011	47,188	+1,074	+2.33	+2.73
2012	48,227	+1,039	+2.20	+3.06
2013	49,001	+774	+1.60	+2.53
2014	49,085	+84	+0.17	+1.23
2015	49,104	+19	+0.04	+0.92
2016	48,770	-334	-0.68	+0.60
2017	48,738	-32	-0.07	+1.24
2018	48,902	+164	+0.34	+1.29
2019	49,114	+212	+0.43	+1.63
2020	49,886	+772	+1.57	+2.05
2021	49,923	+37	+0.07	+1.16

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed

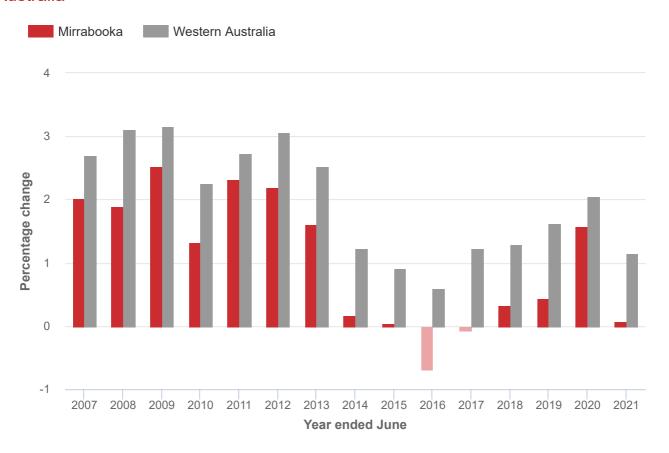
Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

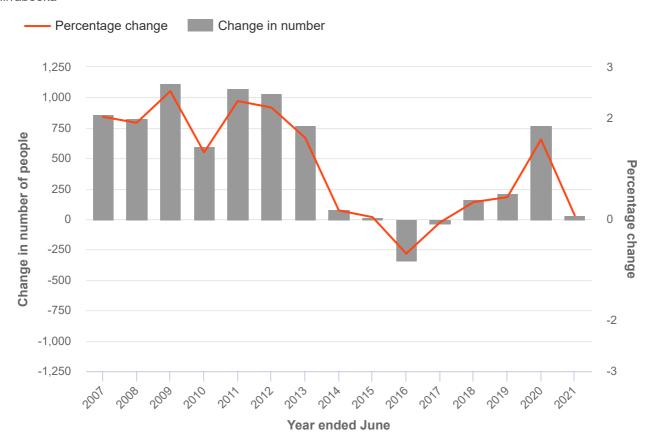
Percentage change in ERP - Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

Annual change in Estimated Resident Population (ERP)

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

Service age groups

The Age Structure of Mirrabooka provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of Mirrabooka's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture Mirrabooka's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with **Household Types** and **Dwelling Types**.

Age structure - Service age groups

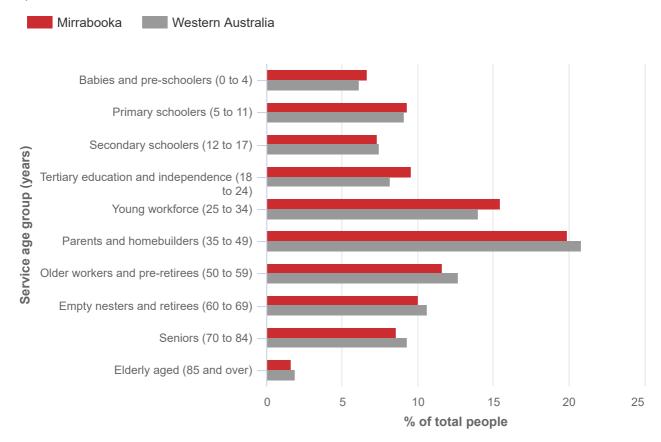
Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			Change		
Service age group (years)	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	3,201	6.7	6.1	3,505	7.4	6.5	-304
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	4,478	9.3	9.1	4,376	9.3	9.1	+102
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	3,521	7.3	7.4	3,617	7.7	7.2	-96
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	4,600	9.6	8.2	4,878	10.3	8.9	-278
Young workforce (25 to 34)	7,441	15.5	14.0	7,995	17.0	15.3	-554
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	9,582	19.9	20.8	9,226	19.6	20.9	+356
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	5,599	11.6	12.6	5,472	11.6	12.6	+127
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69)	4,825	10.0	10.6	4,328	9.2	10.1	+497
Seniors (70 to 84)	4,116	8.6	9.3	3,169	6.7	7.6	+947
Elderly aged (85 and over)	751	1.6	1.9	573	1.2	1.7	+178
Total	48,114	100.0	100.0	47,139	100.0	100.0	+975

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Age structure - service age groups, 2021

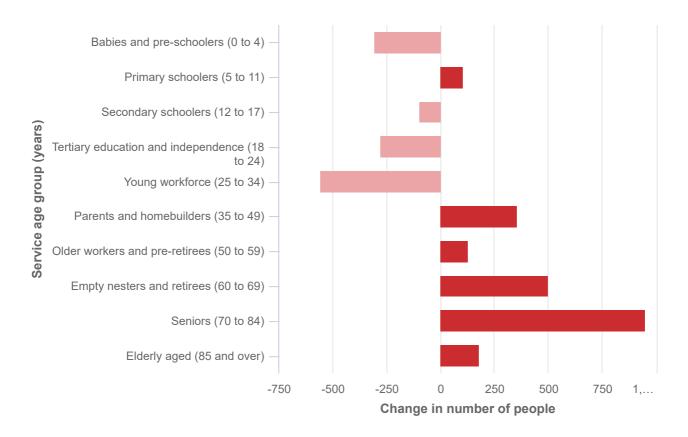
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in age structure - service age groups, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 23.3% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 20.1% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 22.6% and 21.8% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between the age structure of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of 'Young workforce' (15.5% compared to 14.0%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Tertiary education & independence' (9.6% compared to 8.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Older workers & pre-retirees' (11.6% compared to 12.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Parents and homebuilders' (19.9% compared to 20.8%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Mirrabooka's population increased by 975 people (2.1%). This represents an average annual population change of 0.41% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the age structure in this area between 2016 and 2021 were in the age groups:

- Seniors (70 to 84) (+947 people)
- Young workforce (25 to 34) (-554 people)
- Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69) (+497 people)
- Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49) (+356 people)

Five year age groups

The Age Structure of Mirrabooka provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is also an indicator of Mirrabooka's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Five year age groups present a classic age profile of the population. Each age group covers exactly five years, which enables direct comparison between each group.

To get a more complete picture Mirrabooka's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with **Household Types** and **Dwelling Types**.

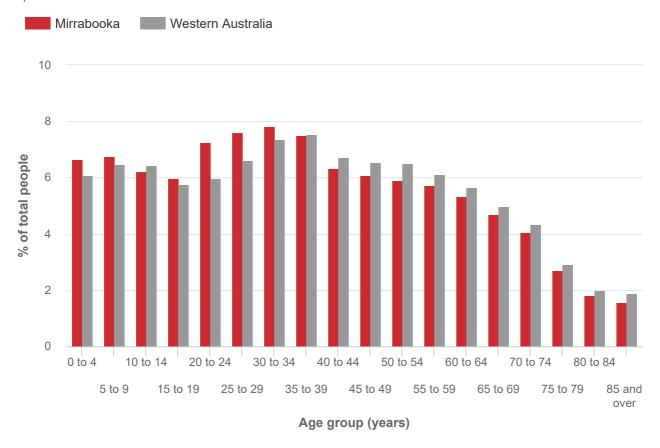
Age structure - Five year age groups

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Five year age groups (years)	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	3,201	6.7	6.1	3,505	7.4	6.5	-304
5 to 9	3,259	6.8	6.5	3,190	6.8	6.6	+69
10 to 14	2,989	6.2	6.4	2,929	6.2	6.1	+60
15 to 19	2,870	6.0	5.8	3,184	6.8	6.1	-314
20 to 24	3,488	7.2	6.0	3,569	7.6	6.5	-81
25 to 29	3,673	7.6	6.6	4,040	8.6	7.5	-367
30 to 34	3,771	7.8	7.4	3,950	8.4	7.9	-179
35 to 39	3,607	7.5	7.6	3,229	6.8	7.0	+378
40 to 44	3,047	6.3	6.7	2,960	6.3	7.0	+87
45 to 49	2,929	6.1	6.6	3,040	6.4	7.0	-111
50 to 54	2,847	5.9	6.5	2,864	6.1	6.6	-17
55 to 59	2,755	5.7	6.1	2,611	5.5	6.1	+144
60 to 64	2,567	5.3	5.7	2,289	4.9	5.3	+278
65 to 69	2,253	4.7	5.0	2,035	4.3	4.7	+218
70 to 74	1,947	4.0	4.3	1,449	3.1	3.4	+498
75 to 79	1,297	2.7	2.9	1,060	2.2	2.5	+237
80 to 84	879	1.8	2.0	663	1.4	1.7	+216
85 and over	751	1.6	1.9	573	1.2	1.7	+178
Total population	48,130	100.0	100.0	47,140	100.0	100.0	+990

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Age structure - five year age groups, 2021

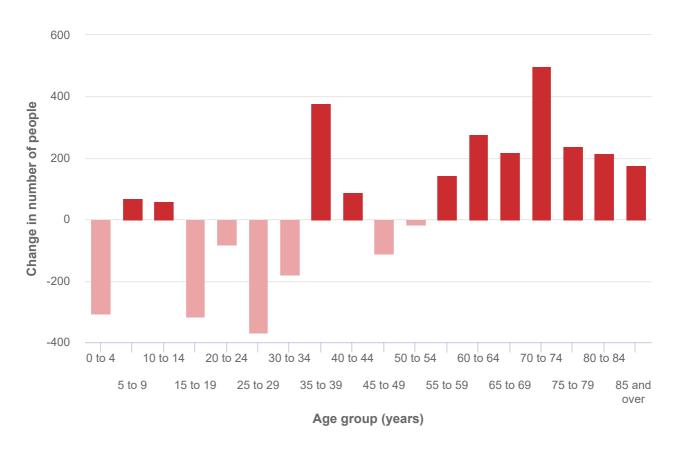
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in age structure - five year age groups, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the five year age groups of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (under 15) and a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (65+).

Overall, 19.6% of the population was aged between 0 and 15, and 14.8% were aged 65 years and over, compared with 19.0% and 16.1% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between the age structure of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 20 to 24 (7.2% compared to 6.0%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 25 to 29 (7.6% compared to 6.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 0 to 4 (6.7% compared to 6.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 50 to 54 (5.9% compared to 6.5%)

Emerging groups

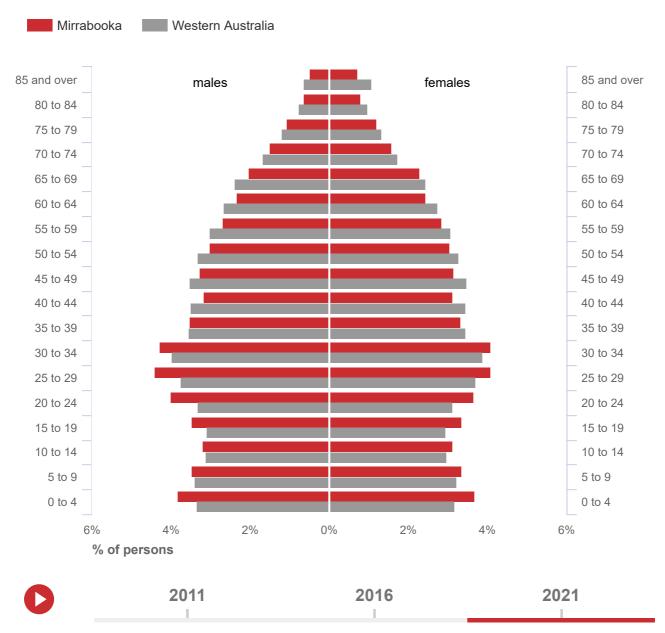
From 2016 to 2021, Mirrabooka's population increased by 990 people (2.1%). This represents an average annual population change of 0.42% per year over the period.

The largest changes in age structure in this area between 2016 and 2021 were in the age groups:

- 70 to 74 (+498 persons)
- 35 to 39 (+378 persons)
- 25 to 29 (-367 persons)
- 15 to 19 (-314 persons)

Age-sex pyramid

Age-sex pyramid, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, selected years between 1991-2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

The age-sex pyramid is a demographic tool which shows patterns of change in the age structure and sex ratio of an area over time. Its name comes from the traditional pyramid shape of an area which indicates a lot of children in large families, with a lower life expectancy and relatively few elderly. This shape is quite rare in developed nations like Australia. As nations and areas transition over time this shape turns into a column where there are less children a mix of ages including many elderly. Older areas with a lot of retirees or relatively few births may have a "reverse" pyramid formation where the largest proportion of the population is at the top of the chart. The sex ratio of males to females can also be seen - young areas are likely to have more males, while elderly areas generally have more females due to longer life expectancy.

The age-sex pyramid should be used in conjunction with **Household Types** and **Dwelling Types** information to build up a picture of who is living in the area and how it is changing over time.

Further reading: Using demographics to inform gender equality

Ancestry

Ancestry defines the cultural association and ethnic background of an individual going back three generations. Ancestry is a good measure of the total size of cultural groups in Mirrabooka regardless of where they were born or what language they speak.

Ancestry data, should be combined with data on Birthplace, Language Spoken at Home and Religion for a more complete picture of Mirrabooka's ethnic characteristics.

Please note that the "Australian Aboriginal" and "Torres Strait Islander" categories in this topic are not directly comparable from 2021 to previous years, due to a change in the wording of the question. In 2021, these options were marked boxes on the question rather than write-in options. The "Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Origin" question is still considered a more reliable count for this group, and can be found on the **Population summary** page.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of ancestry groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Ancestry - Ranked by size

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Ancestry	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
English	10,407	21.6	37.6	10,367	22.0	37.6	+40
Australian	9,094	18.9	29.7	9,626	20.4	30.7	-532
Vietnamese	3,644	7.6	0.9	4,003	8.5	0.9	-359
Burmese peoples	2,667	5.5	0.6	2,679	5.7	0.6	-12
Italian	2,417	5.0	5.2	2,260	4.8	5.0	+157
Irish	2,276	4.7	8.8	2,336	5.0	9.1	-60
Scottish	2,223	4.6	8.7	2,197	4.7	8.7	+26
Chinese	2,147	4.5	4.4	1,904	4.0	4.2	+243
Macedonian	1,457	3.0	0.4	1,437	3.0	0.4	+20
Indian	1,447	3.0	2.9	1,557	3.3	2.8	-110

Excludes ancestries with fewer than 10 responses (multi-response).

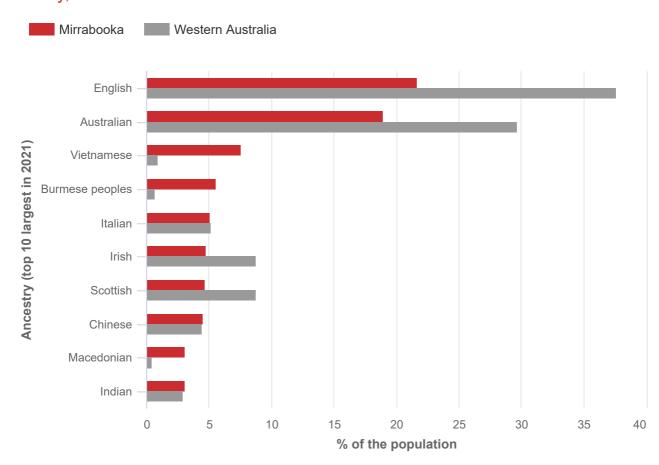
Ancestry - Totals

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Ancestry totals	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Not stated	3,837	6.6	5.0	3,497	6.2	6.0	+340
Total responses	57,956			56,149			+1,807
Total people	48,114			47,139			+975

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

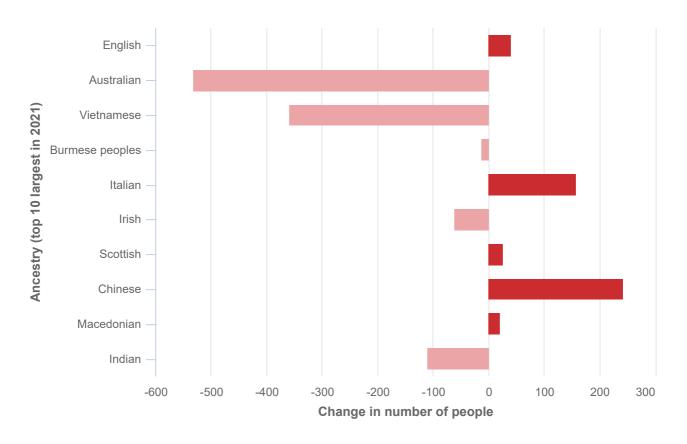
Ancestry, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in ancestry, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the ancestry responses of the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 shows that the top five ancestries nominated were:

- English (10,407 people or 21.6%)
- Australian (9,094 people or 18.9%)
- Vietnamese (3,644 people or 7.6%)
- Burmese peoples (2,667 people or 5.5%)
- Italian (2,417 people or 5.0%)

In combination these five ancestries account for 28,229 responses in total, or 58.67% of all responses.

The major differences between the ancestries of the population in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of people with Vietnamese ancestry (7.6% compared to 0.9%)
- A larger percentage of people with Burmese peoples ancestry (5.5% compared to 0.6%)
- A smaller percentage of people with English ancestry (21.6% compared to 37.6%)
- A smaller percentage of people with Australian ancestry (18.9% compared to 29.7%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the reported ancestries of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Australian Aboriginal (+1,224 persons)
- Australian (-532 persons)
- Vietnamese (-359 persons)
- Punjabi (+264 persons)

Birthplace

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in Mirrabooka. The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, Mirrabooka's Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Birthplace	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Total overseas born	21,572	44.8	32.2	21,240	45.1	32.2	+332
Australia	23,547	48.9	62.0	22,389	47.5	60.3	+1,158
Not stated	3,000	6.2	5.8	3,508	7.4	7.5	-508
Total Population	48,119	100.0	100.0	47,137	100.0	100.0	+982

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

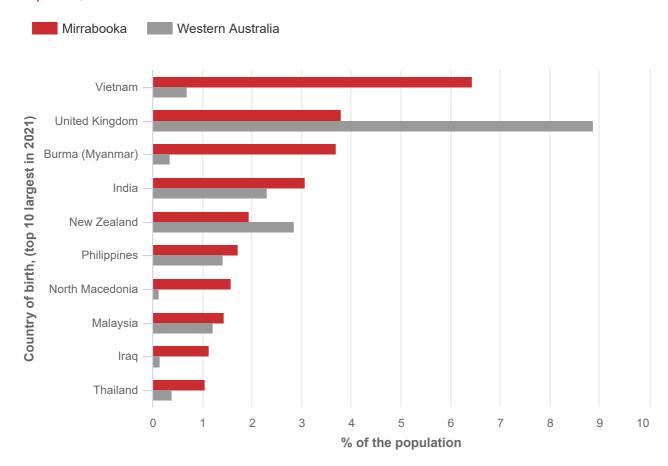
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Birthplace - Ranked by size

Mirrabooka - Overseas born (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Birthplace	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Vietnam	3,091	6.4	0.7	2,931	6.2	0.6	+160
United Kingdom	1,820	3.8	8.9	1,979	4.2	9.4	-159
Burma (Myanmar)	1,771	3.7	0.4	1,714	3.6	0.4	+57
India	1,475	3.1	2.3	1,349	2.9	2.0	+126
New Zealand	930	1.9	2.8	1,112	2.4	3.2	-182
Philippines	822	1.7	1.4	813	1.7	1.2	+9
North Macedonia	757	1.6	0.1	714	1.5	0.1	+43
Malaysia	686	1.4	1.2	573	1.2	1.2	+113
Iraq	543	1.1	0.1	523	1.1	0.1	+20
Thailand	506	1.1	0.4	466	1.0	0.3	+40

Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

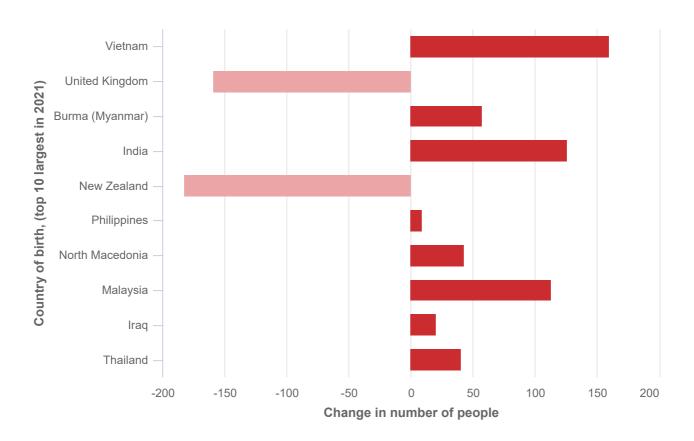
Birthplace, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in birthplace, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the country of birth of the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a larger proportion of people born overseas.

Overall, 44.8% of the population was born overseas, compared with 32.2% for Western Australia.

The largest non-English speaking country of birth in Mirrabooka was Vietnam, where 6.4% of the population, or 3,091 people, were born.

The major differences between the countries of birth of the population in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of people born in Vietnam (6.4% compared to 0.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of people born in Burma (Myanmar) (3.7% compared to 0.4%)
- A *larger* percentage of people born in North Macedonia (1.6% compared to 0.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of people born in United Kingdom (3.8% compared to 8.9%)

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people born overseas increased by 332 or 1.6%.

The largest changes in birthplace countries of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 were for those born in:

- New Zealand (-182 persons)
- Vietnam (+160 persons)
- United Kingdom (-159 persons)
- Ethiopia (+147 persons)

Overseas arrivals

The Year of Arrival data records when the overseas born population arrived in Australia. The data shows the degree to which areas are 'ports' for new overseas arrivals and reveals the role of Mirrabooka in housing the overseas-born. The number of recent overseas arrivals in an area is often determined by housing affordability, employment opportunities and pre-existing communities located in the area.

Mirrabooka's Year of Arrival data, when used with Birthplace, Religion and Language Spoken at Home data, is a good indicator of the likely need for services in migrant communities.

Overseas arrivals

Mirrabooka - Overseas born (Usual residence)	2021			
Year of arrival in Australia	Number	%	Western Australia %	
Arrived in 1960 or earlier	527	2.4	3.8	
1961 to 1970	1,397	6.5	8.4	
1971 to 1980	1,462	6.8	8.1	
1981 to 1990	2,699	12.5	11.9	
1991 to 2000	2,872	13.3	10.2	
2001 to 2010	5,388	25.0	25.5	
2011 to 2015	3,162	14.7	16.6	
2016 to Aug 2021	3,450	16.0	13.2	
Not stated	615	2.9	2.3	
Total	21,572	100.0	100.0	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Overseas arrivals, 2021

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the year of arrival for the overseas born population of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of people who arrived before 2001, and a larger proportion of recent overseas arrivals (those who arrived between 2016 to Aug 2021).

Overall, 41.5% of the overseas born population arrived before 2001, and 16% arrived during or after 2016, compared with 42.4% and 13.2% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences in year of arrival data in the population between Mirrabooka and Western Australia are:

- A *larger* percentage of arrivals between 1991 to 2000 (13.3% compared to 10.2%)
- A *larger* percentage of arrivals between 2016 to Aug 2021 (16.0% compared to 13.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of arrivals between 2011 to 2015 (14.7% compared to 16.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of arrivals between 1961 to 1970 (6.5% compared to 8.4%)

Proficiency in English

Proficiency in English measures the self-assessed proficiency in spoken English of people who speak a language other than English at home. The data, when viewed with other ethnic and cultural indicators, such as Ancestry, Country of Birth, Language Spoken at Home and Religion, reflects Mirrabooka's ethnic composition and how long the overseas born have been in Australia. This helps service providers determine whether they need to communicate with the local population in languages other than English.

Proficiency in English

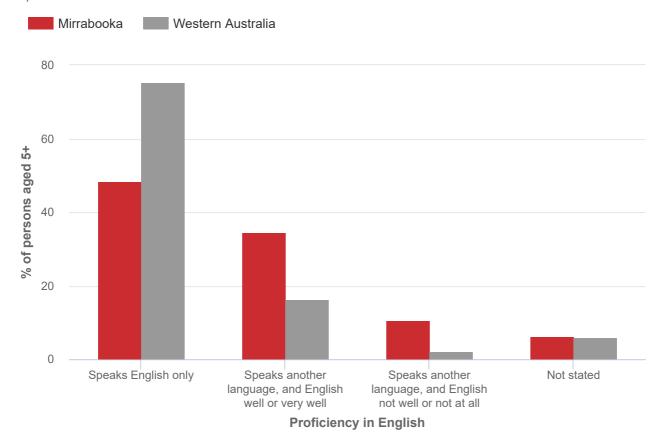
Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
English proficiency	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	23,335	48.5	75.3	22,979	48.8	75.2	+356
Speaks another language, and English well or very well	16,584	34.5	16.4	15,507	32.9	15.2	+1,077
Speaks another language, and English not well or not at all	5,165	10.7	2.3	5,532	11.7	2.5	-367
Not stated	3,037	6.3	6.0	3,114	6.6	7.1	-77
Total population	48,121	100.0	100.0	47,132	100.0	100.0	+989

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Proficiency in English, 2021

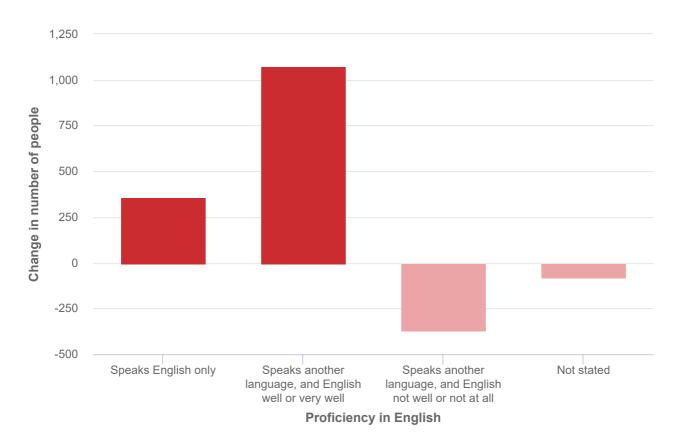
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in Proficiency in English, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the proficiency in English data of the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of people who spoke English only, and a higher proportion of people who spoke another language and English not well or not at all.

Overall, 48.5% of people spoke English only, and 10.7% spoke another language and English not well or not at all, compared with 75.3% and 2.3% respectively for Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The most significant changes in the proficiency in English of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 were in those speaking:

- Speaks another language, and English well or very well (+1,077 persons)
- Speaks another language, and English not well or not at all (-367 persons)
- Speaks English only (+356 persons)

Language spoken at home

Mirrabooka's language statistics show the proportion of the population who speak a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

Mirrabooka's language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with Country of Birth and Proficiency in English to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to ABS rules regarding perturbation of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Language spoken at home - Summary

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Language summary	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	23,335	48.5	75.3	22,979	48.7	75.2	+356
Non-English total	21,373	44.4	18.4	20,984	44.5	17.5	+389
Not stated	3,413	7.1	6.3	3,177	6.7	7.3	+236
Total Population	48,121	100.0	100.0	47,140	100.0	100.0	+981

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

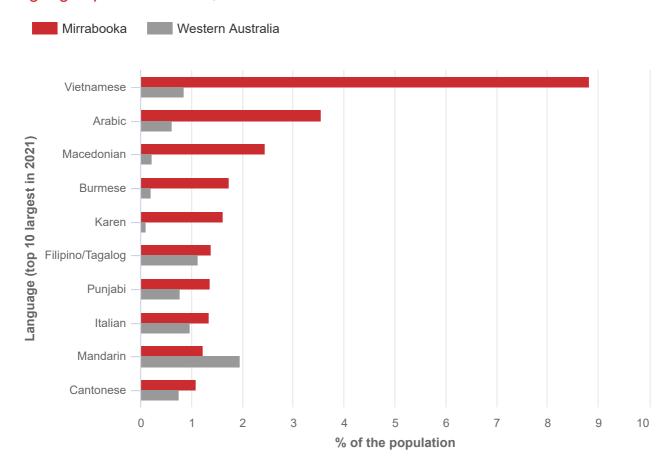
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Language spoken at home - Ranked by size

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016			
Language (excludes English)	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021	
Vietnamese	4,243	8.8	0.9	4,073	8.6	0.8	+170	
Arabic	1,705	3.5	0.6	1,727	3.7	0.6	-22	
Macedonian	1,175	2.4	0.2	1,250	2.7	0.2	-75	
Burmese	835	1.7	0.2	864	1.8	0.2	-29	
Karen	780	1.6	0.1	740	1.6	0.1	+40	
Filipino/Tagalog	664	1.4	1.1	685	1.5	1.0	-21	
Punjabi	658	1.4	0.8	438	0.9	0.5	+220	
Italian	642	1.3	1.0	792	1.7	1.2	-150	
Mandarin	590	1.2	1.9	556	1.2	1.9	+34	
Cantonese	519	1.1	0.7	514	1.1	0.8	+5	

Excludes languages spoken at home by fewer than 10 people.

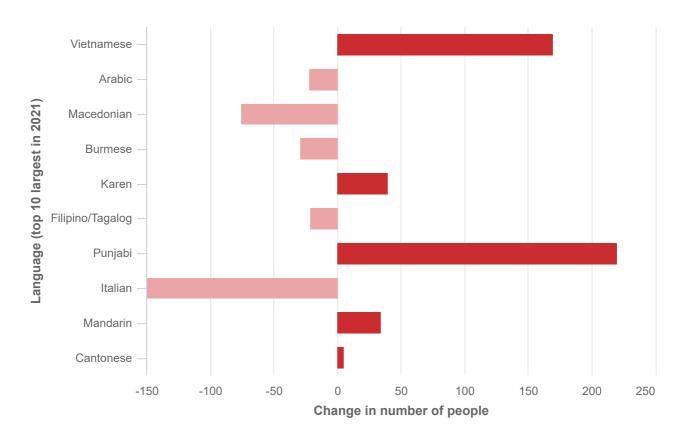
Language spoken at home, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in language spoken at home, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the language spoken at home by the population of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of people who spoke English only, and a larger proportion of those speaking a non-English language (either exclusively, or in addition to English).

Overall, 48.5% of the population spoke English only, and 44.4% spoke a non-English language, compared with 75.3% and 18.4% respectively for Western Australia.

The dominant language spoken at home, other than English, in Mirrabooka was Vietnamese, with 8.8% of the population, or 4,243 people speaking this language at home.

The major differences between the languages spoken at home for the population of Mirrabooka and Western Australia in 2021 were:

- A *larger* percentage speaking Vietnamese at home (8.8% compared to 0.9%)
- A *larger* percentage speaking Arabic at home (3.5% compared to 0.6%)
- A *larger* percentage speaking Macedonian at home (2.4% compared to 0.2%)
- A *larger* percentage speaking Burmese at home (1.7% compared to 0.2%)

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people who spoke a language other than English at home increased by 389 or 1.9%, and the number of people who spoke English only increased by 356 or 1.5%.

The largest changes in the spoken languages of the population in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were for those speaking:

- Punjabi (+220 persons)
- Vietnamese (+170 persons)
- Dari (-163 persons)
- Italian (-150 persons)

Religion

Mirrabooka's religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

Mirrabooka's religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as Country of Birth data and Language Spoken data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Religion - Summary

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Religion totals	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Christian total	20,566	42.7	41.1	22,751	48.3	49.8	-2,185
Non Christian total	10,090	21.0	8.0	9,126	19.4	6.9	+964
Non-classifiable religious belief	280	0.6	0.6	259	0.5	0.7	+21
No Religion/secular beliefs	13,586	28.2	42.8	10,812	22.9	32.8	+2,774
Not stated	3,601	7.5	7.5	4,188	8.9	9.9	-587
Total Population	48,123	100.0	100.0	47,136	100.0	100.0	+987

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Religion - Ranked by size

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016			
Religion	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021	
Western (Roman) Catholic	8,946	18.6	18.6	9,931	21.1	21.4	-985	
Islam	5,027	10.4	2.5	4,468	9.5	2.0	+559	
Buddhism	3,259	6.8	2.2	3,144	6.7	2.1	+115	
Anglican	2,535	5.3	10.1	3,695	7.8	14.3	-1,160	
Christian,nfd	2,496	5.2	3.4	2,120	4.5	3.4	+376	
Baptist	1,838	3.8	1.6	1,908	4.0	1.7	-70	
Hinduism	887	1.8	2.0	735	1.6	1.6	+152	
Macedonian Orthodox	735	1.5	0.2	783	1.7	0.2	-48	
Greek Orthodox	733	1.5	0.5	792	1.7	0.6	-59	
Pentecostal	731	1.5	1.0	832	1.8	1.1	-101	

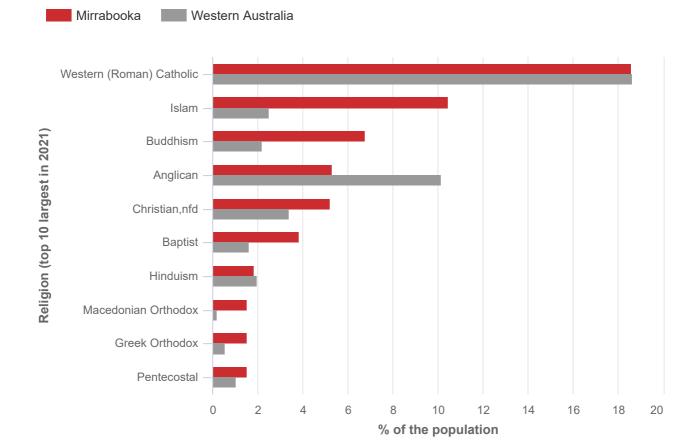
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

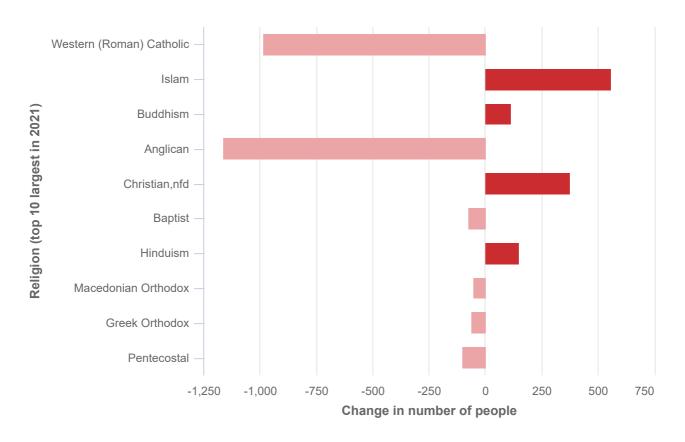
Religion, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in religion, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a higher proportion of people who professed a religion and a lower proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 63.7% of the population nominated a religion, and 28.2% said they had no religion, compared with 49.1% and 42.8% respectively for Western Australia.

The largest single religion in Mirrabooka was Western (Roman) Catholic, with 18.6% of the population or 8,946 people as adherents.

The major differences between the religious affiliation for the population of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage who nominated Islam (10.4% compared to 2.5%)
- A *larger* percentage who nominated Buddhism (6.8% compared to 2.2%)
- A larger percentage who nominated Baptist (3.8% compared to 1.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage who nominated Anglican (5.3% compared to 10.1%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the religious affiliation of the population in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were for those who nominated:

- Anglican (-1,160 persons)
- Western (Roman) Catholic (-985 persons)
- Islam (+559 persons)
- Christian,nfd (+376 persons)

Qualifications

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as **Employment Status**, **Income** and **Occupation**, Mirrabooka's Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest qualification achieved

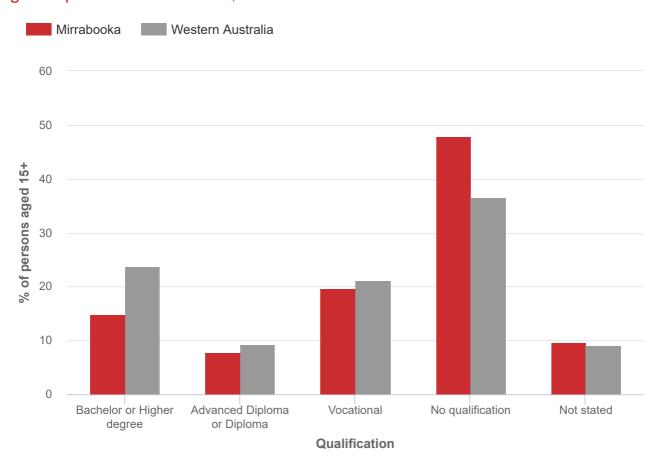
Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Qualification level	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Bachelor or Higher degree	5,723	14.8	23.8	4,634	12.4	20.5	+1,089
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	3,039	7.9	9.3	2,804	7.5	8.9	+235
Vocational	7,604	19.7	21.1	6,911	18.4	20.4	+693
No qualification	18,561	48.0	36.5	19,130	51.0	38.9	-569
Not stated	3,744	9.7	9.2	4,037	10.8	11.2	-293
Total persons aged 15+	38,671	100.0	100.0	37,516	100.0	100.0	+1,155

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- People with university qualifications
- People with trade qualifications (Certificate)

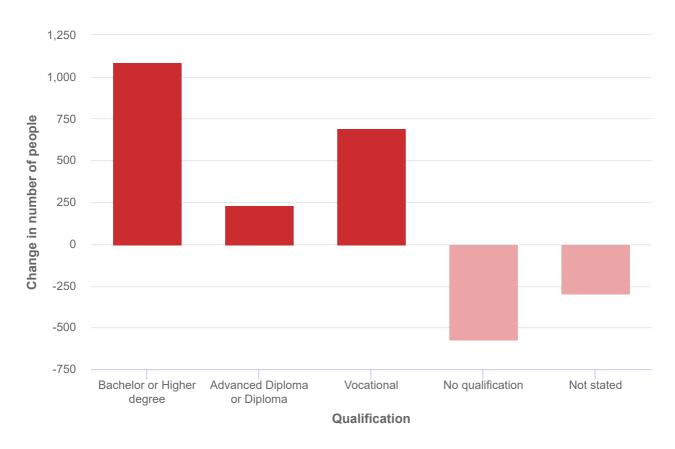
Highest qualification achieved, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in highest qualification achieved, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the qualifications of the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma or Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a higher proportion of people with no formal qualifications.

Overall, 42.3% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 48.0% had no qualifications, compared with 54.3% and 36.5% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between qualifications held by the population of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons with No qualifications (48.0% compared to 36.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with Bachelor or Higher degrees (14.8% compared to 23.8%)
- A smaller percentage of persons with Vocational qualifications (19.7% compared to 21.1%)
- A smaller percentage of persons with Advanced Diploma or Diplomas (7.9% compared to 9.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the qualifications of the population in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were in those with:

- Bachelor or Higher degrees (+1,089 persons)
- Vocational qualifications (+693 persons)
- No qualifications (-569 persons)
- Advanced Diploma or Diplomas (+235 persons)

Highest level of schooling

Mirrabooka's school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as **Proficiency in English**, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with **Educational Qualifications** it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest level of secondary schooling completed

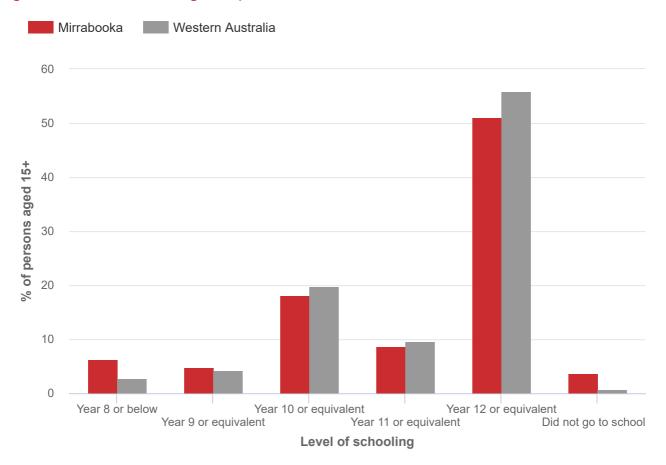
Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016			
Level of schooling	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021	
Year 8 or below	2,403	6.2	2.7	2,631	7.0	3.2	-228	
Year 9 or equivalent	1,835	4.7	4.2	1,898	5.1	4.5	-63	
Year 10 or equivalent	7,046	18.2	19.7	7,238	19.3	20.6	-192	
Year 11 or equivalent	3,384	8.7	9.6	3,577	9.5	10.0	-193	
Year 12 or equivalent	19,733	51.0	56.0	17,634	47.0	51.7	+2,099	
Did not go to school	1,431	3.7	0.7	1,249	3.3	0.6	+182	
Not stated	2,845	7.4	7.1	3,284	8.8	9.4	-439	
Total persons aged 15+	38,677	100.0	100.0	37,511	100.0	100.0	+1,166	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People with below Year 11 schooling

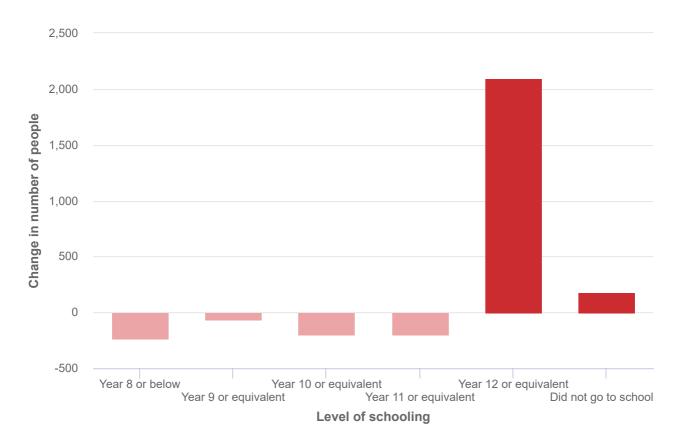
Highest level of schooling completed, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a higher proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a lower proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 32.9% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 51.0% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 27.3% and 56.0% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 8 or below (6.2% compared to 2.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who did not go to school (3.7% compared to 0.7%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who completed year 12 or equivalent (51.0% compared to 56.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 10 or equivalent (18.2% compared to 19.7%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the level of schooling attained by the population in Mirrabooka, between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Year 12 or equivalent (+2,099 persons)
- Year 8 or below (-228 persons)
- Year 11 or equivalent (-193 persons)
- Year 10 or equivalent (-192 persons)

Education institution attending

The share of Mirrabooka's population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Education institution attending

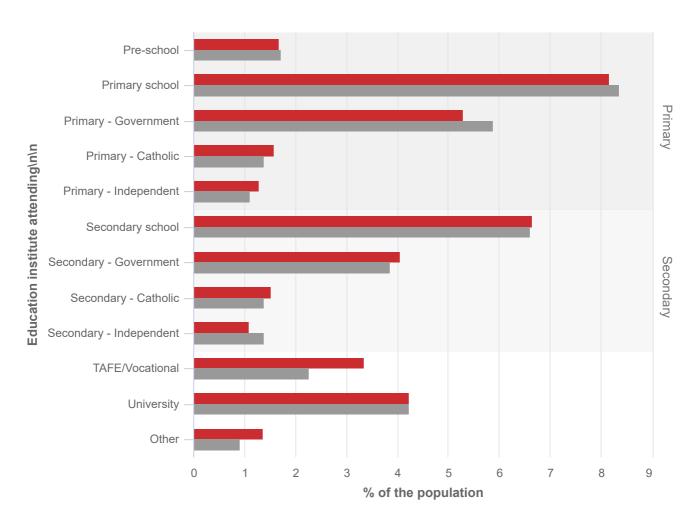
Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Type of institution	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Pre-school	800	1.7	1.7	636	1.4	1.2	+164
Primary school	3,920	8.1	8.4	3,817	8.2	8.5	+103
Primary - Government	2,544	5.3	5.9	2,533	5.4	5.9	+11
Primary - Catholic	761	1.6	1.4	774	1.7	1.5	-13
Primary - Independent	615	1.3	1.1	510	1.1	1.1	+105
Secondary school	3,198	6.6	6.6	3,240	7.0	6.3	-42
Secondary - Government	1,950	4.1	3.8	2,048	4.4	3.6	-98
Secondary - Catholic	727	1.5	1.4	742	1.6	1.4	-15
Secondary - Independent	521	1.1	1.4	450	1.0	1.4	+71
TAFE/Vocational	1,603	3.3	2.3	1,425	3.1	1.9	+178
University	2,034	4.2	4.2	2,052	4.4	4.3	-18
Other	657	1.4	0.9	679	1.5	0.7	-22
Not attending	32,610	67.8	69.7	30,931	66.4	69.0	+1,679
Not stated	3,291	6.8	6.3	3,779	8.1	8.0	-488
Total	48,113	100.0	100.0	46,559	100.0	100.0	+1,554

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Education institution attending, 2021

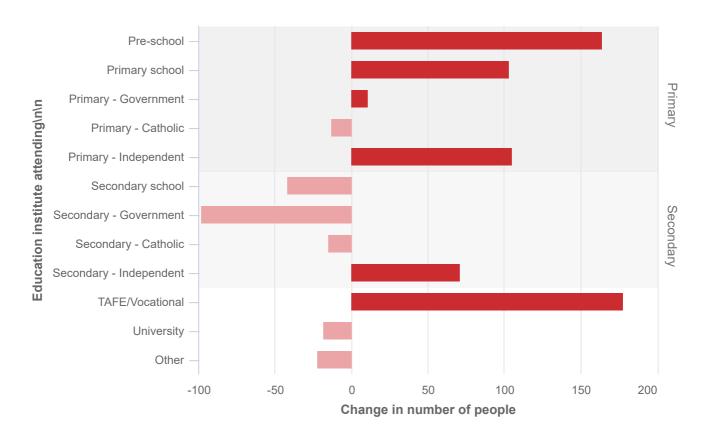




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in education institution attending, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a similar proportion attending primary school, a similar proportion attending secondary school, and a higher proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 8.1% of the population were attending primary school, 6.6% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 7.6% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.4%, 6.6% and 6.5% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons attending TAFE/Vocational (3.3% compared to 2.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons not attending (67.8% compared to 69.7%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Mirrabooka's population increased by 1,554 people (+3.3%). This represents an average annual change of 0.66% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the number of persons attending education institutions in Mirrabooka, between 2016 and 2021 were in those who nominated:

- TAFE/Vocational (+178 persons)
- Pre-school (+164 persons)
- Primary Independent (+105 persons)
- Primary school (+103 persons)

Need for assistance

Mirrabooka's disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. Mirrabooka's disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on **Unpaid Care** to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

Mirrabooka - Persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	Western Australia %	Number	% of total age group	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	42	1.3	1.2	36	1.0	1.0	+6
5 to 9	115	3.5	3.6	82	2.6	2.5	+33
10 to 19	193	3.3	3.4	164	2.7	2.4	+29
20 to 59	847	3.2	2.1	803	3.1	1.9	+44
60 to 64	256	10.0	4.9	242	10.6	4.8	+14
65 to 69	251	11.1	6.1	237	11.6	6.2	+14
70 to 74	296	15.2	8.9	196	13.5	8.7	+100
75 to 79	279	21.4	14.3	232	22.0	13.9	+47
80 to 84	309	35.3	24.4	226	34.3	23.3	+83
85 and over	412	55.3	45.6	317	55.4	42.7	+95
Total persons needing assistance	3,008	6.3	4.6	2,535	5.4	3.9	+473

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

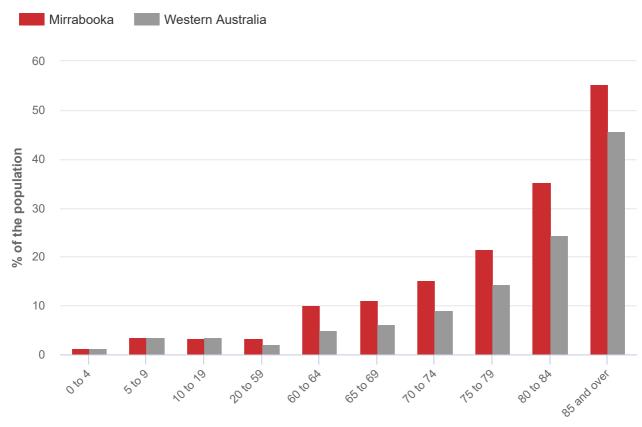
Need for assistance with core activities summary

Mirrabooka - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Total persons needing assistance	3,008	6.3	4.6	2,535	5.4	3.9	+473
Total persons not needing assistance	41,855	87.0	89.0	41,112	87.2	88.3	+743
Not stated	3,260	6.8	6.4	3,485	7.4	7.8	-225
Total Population	48,123	100.0	100.0	47,132	100.0	100.0	+991

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Need for assistance with core activities, 2021

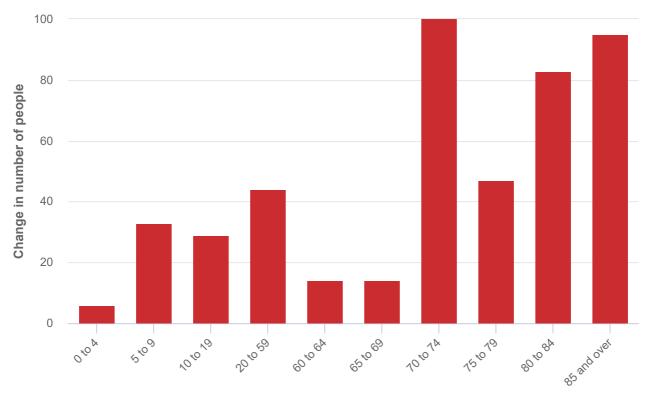


Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a higher proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 6.3% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 4.6% for Western Australia.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A larger percentage of persons aged 80 to 84 (35.3% compared to 24.4%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 85 and over (55.3% compared to 45.6%)
- A larger percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (21.4% compared to 14.3%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 70 to 74 (15.2% compared to 8.9%)

Emerging groups

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance between 2016 and 2021 in Mirrabooka were in the age groups:

- 70 to 74 (+100 persons)
- 85 and over (+95 persons)
- 80 to 84 (+83 persons)

The 2021 Census looked for the first time at the level of incidence of selected long-term health conditions in the community. The Census question asked respondents if they have been diagnosed with a specific condition (or other condition) from a list of ten conditions plus "other". Combined, these ten conditions comprise approximately 60% of Australia's deaths, and even those which are not deadly contribute substantially to the burden of disease.

It is well known that socio-economic factors also contribute to morbidity and health outcomes, with lower-socio economic characteristics correlated with higher incidence of some health conditions. The inclusion of this topic in the Census enables these factors to be explored in more detail.

Also, in society, health conditions tend to increase with age. For these reasons, it is recommended that long-term health conditions data for be viewed at in conjunction with age structure, household income, educational qualifications, and need for assistance datasets, along with the SEIFA index of disadvantage.

Long term health conditions

Mirrabooka - Persons (Usual residence)	2021			
Long-term health conditions	Number	%	Western Australia %	
Arthritis	3,528	7.3	7.6	
Asthma	3,590	7.5	7.3	
Cancer (including remission)	989	2.1	2.7	
Dementia (including Alzheimer's)	483	1.0	0.7	
Diabetes	3,014	6.3	4.4	
Heart disease	1,710	3.6	3.6	
Kidney disease	474	1.0	0.8	
Lung condition	889	1.8	1.6	
Mental health condition	3,844	8.0	8.3	
Stroke	467	1.0	0.8	
Other long-term health condition	3,548	7.4	7.4	

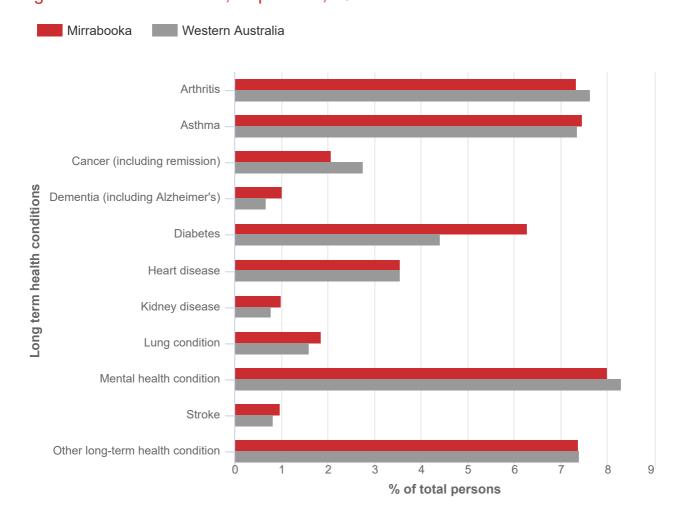
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions - Summary

Mirrabooka - Persons (Usual residence)		2021	
Long-term health conditions - Summary	Number	%	Western Australia %
Population with at least one long-term health condition	14,038	29.2	29.9
No long-term health conditions	29,784	61.9	61.2
Not stated	4,300	8.9	8.9
Total persons	48,122	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions, all persons, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the long term health conditions of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of people with a long-term health condition 29.2% compared to 29.9% in Western Australia.

The major difference between Mirrabooka's individual incomes and Western Australia's individual incomes is:

• A *larger* percentage with diabetes (6.3% compared to 4.4%)

Employment status

Mirrabooka's employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or part-time employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including Age Structure, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (Occupations, Industries, Qualifications).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Please note that in the 2021 Census, due to the COVID pandemic and lockdowns in many areas, the proportion of people who were employed but away from work in the week before Census has increased. We have no information on whether these people were normally employed full or part time so this is shown separately.

Labour force status

Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Labour force status	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Total labour force (Participation rate)	22,572	58.4	63.9	21,629	57.7	62.9	+943
Not in the labour force	13,436	34.7	29.8	13,445	35.8	29.8	-9
Labour force status not stated	2,663	6.9	6.3	2,440	6.5	7.3	+223
Total persons aged 15+	38,671	100.0	100.0	37,517	100.0	100.0	+1,154

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Employment status

Mirrabooka - Persons in the labour force (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Employment status	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Employed	20,798	92.1	94.9	19,119	88.4	92.2	+1,679
Employed full-time	11,832	52.4	57.1	11,187	51.7	57.0	+645
Employed part-time	7,740	34.3	32.0	6,751	31.2	30.0	+989
Employed, away from work	1,226	5.4	5.8	1,181	5.5	5.2	+45
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	1,774	7.9	5.1	2,510	11.6	7.8	-736
Looking for full-time work	983	4.4	2.7	1,575	7.3	4.7	-592
Looking for part-time work	791	3.5	2.4	935	4.3	3.1	-144
Total labour force	22,572	100.0	100.0	21,629	100.0	100.0	+943

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

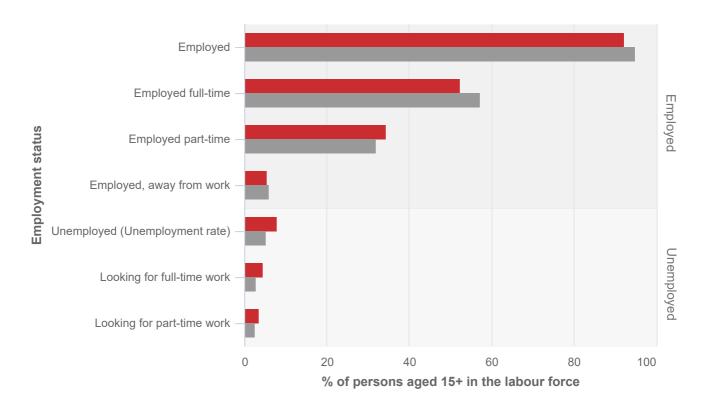
- a Youth unemployment rate (persons aged 15-24)
- a Seniors unemployment rate (persons aged 55 or more)
- a <u>Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)</u>
- People employed part-time

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

Employment status, 2021

Total persons in the labour force

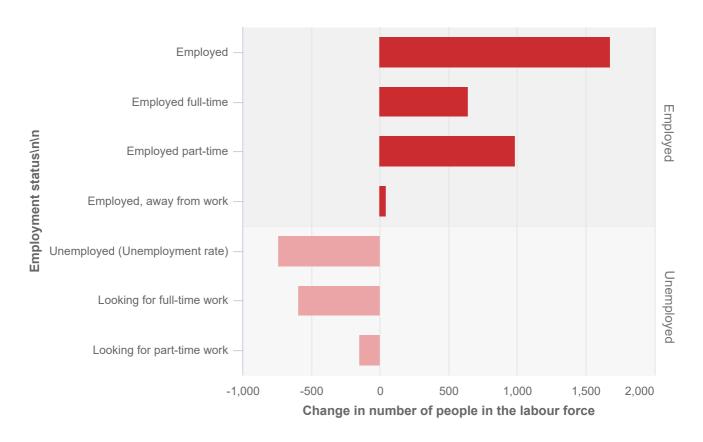




Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in employment status, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The size of Mirrabooka's labour force in 2021 was 22,572, of which 7,740 were employed part-time and 11,832 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion in employment, and a higher proportion unemployed. Overall, 92.1% of the labour force was employed, and 7.9% unemployed, compared with 94.9% and 5.1% respectively for Western Australia.

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 shows that there was a lower proportion in the labour force (58.4%) compared with Western Australia (63.9%).

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people employed in Mirrabooka showed an increase of 1,679, and the number unemployed showed a decrease of 736. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed an increase of 943 or 4.4%.

Industry sector of employment

Mirrabooka's industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

When viewed in conjunction with Residents Place of Work data and Method of Travel to Work, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

Industry sector of employment

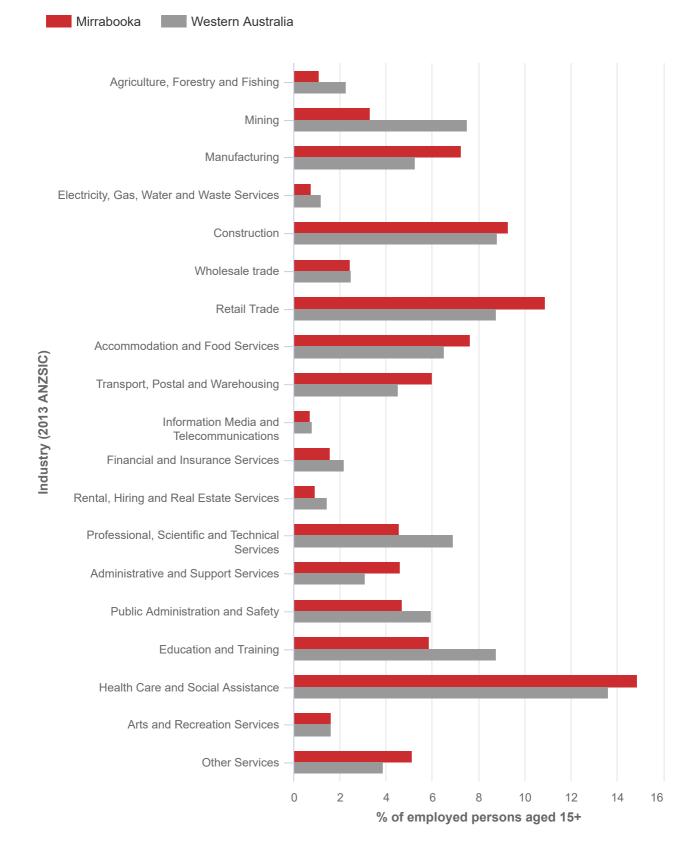
Mirrabooka - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Industry sector	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	226	1.1	2.3	238	1.2	2.5	-12
Mining	684	3.3	7.5	412	2.2	6.3	+272
Manufacturing	1,506	7.2	5.3	1,484	7.8	5.6	+22
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	157	0.8	1.2	183	1.0	1.2	-26
Construction	1,927	9.3	8.8	2,023	10.6	9.8	-96
Wholesale trade	505	2.4	2.5	548	2.9	2.5	-43
Retail Trade	2,262	10.9	8.8	2,228	11.7	9.5	+34
Accommodation and Food Services	1,588	7.6	6.5	1,424	7.4	6.4	+164
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	1,245	6.0	4.5	1,033	5.4	4.6	+212
Information Media and Telecommunications	140	0.7	0.8	183	1.0	1.0	-43
Financial and Insurance Services	324	1.6	2.2	366	1.9	2.4	-42
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	185	0.9	1.4	241	1.3	1.7	-56
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	950	4.6	6.9	791	4.1	6.4	+159
Administrative and Support Services	953	4.6	3.1	865	4.5	3.3	+88
Public Administration and Safety	974	4.7	5.9	982	5.1	6.2	-8
Education and Training	1,214	5.8	8.8	1,143	6.0	8.7	+71
Health Care and Social Assistance	3,096	14.9	13.6	2,490	13.0	11.7	+606
Arts and Recreation Services	330	1.6	1.6	287	1.5	1.6	+43
Other Services	1,064	5.1	3.9	915	4.8	4.0	+149
Inadequately described or not stated	1,460	7.0	4.6	1,277	6.7	4.6	+183
Total employed persons aged 15+	20,790	100.0	100.0	19,120	100.0	100.0	+1,670

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Industry sector of employment, 2021

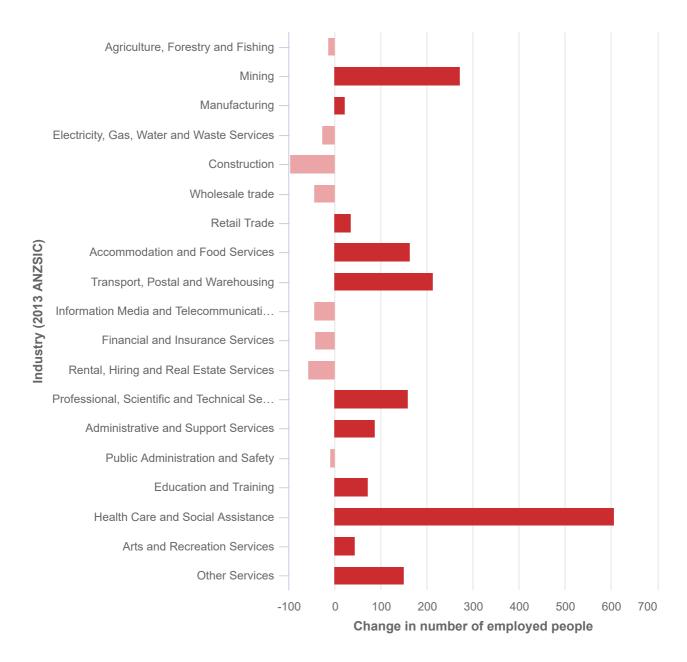
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in industry sector of employment, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Mirrabooka in 2021 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (3,096 people or 14.9%)
- Retail Trade (2,262 people or 10.9%)
- Construction (1,927 people or 9.3%)

In combination, these three industries employed 7,285 people in total or 35.0% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, Western Australia employed 13.6% in Health Care and Social Assistance; 8.8% in Retail Trade; and 8.8% in Construction.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in retail trade (10.9% compared to 8.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in mining (3.3% compared to 7.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in education and training (5.8% compared to 8.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in professional, scientific and technical services (4.6% compared to 6.9%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Mirrabooka increased by 1,670 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the jobs held by the resident population between 2016 and 2021 in Mirrabooka were for those employed in:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (+606 persons)
- Mining (+272 persons)
- Transport, Postal and Warehousing (+212 persons)
- Accommodation and Food Services (+164 persons)

Occupation of employment

Mirrabooka's occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as Educational Qualifications and Individual Income, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating Mirrabooka's socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

Mirrabooka - Employed persons (Usual residence)	2021					Change	
Occupation	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Managers	1,487	7.2	12.3	1,439	7.5	12.0	+48
Professionals	2,657	12.8	22.0	2,177	11.4	20.5	+480
Technicians and Trades Workers	3,277	15.8	15.3	3,281	17.2	16.2	-4
Community and Personal Service Workers	3,227	15.5	11.8	2,584	13.5	10.6	+643
Clerical and Administrative Workers	2,161	10.4	12.1	2,190	11.5	13.0	-29
Sales Workers	1,828	8.8	7.8	1,935	10.1	8.8	-107
Machinery Operators And Drivers	2,207	10.6	7.7	1,853	9.7	7.5	+354
Labourers	3,455	16.6	9.4	3,202	16.7	9.7	+253
Not stated or inadequately described	497	2.4	1.7	444	2.3	1.7	+53
Total employed persons aged 15+	20,790	100.0	100.0	19,120	100.0	100.0	+1,670

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People employed as Managers or Professionals

Occupation of employment, 2021

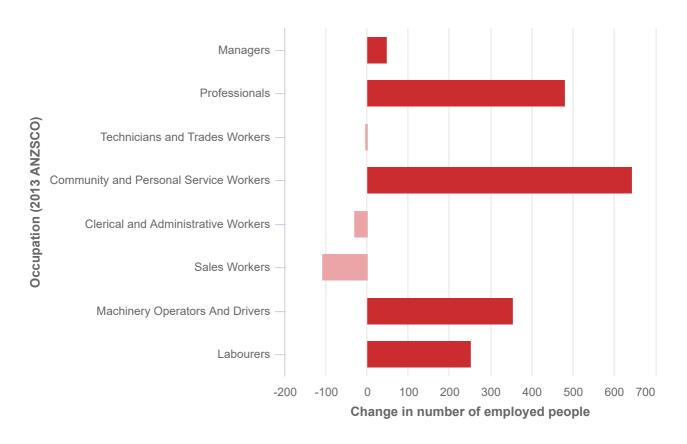
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Change in occupation of employment, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Mirrabooka in 2021 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Labourers (3,455 people or 16.6%)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (3,277 people or 15.8%)
- Community and Personal Service Workers (3,227 people or 15.5%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 9,959 people in total or 47.9% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, Western Australia employed 9.4% in Labourers; 15.3% in Technicians and Trades Workers; and 11.8% in Community and Personal Service Workers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A larger percentage of persons employed as Labourers (16.6% compared to 9.4%)
- A larger percentage of persons employed as Community and Personal Service Workers (15.5% compared to 11.8%)
- A smaller percentage of persons employed as Professionals (12.8% compared to 22.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Managers (7.2% compared to 12.3%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Mirrabooka increased by 1,670 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the occupations of residents between 2016 and 2021 in Mirrabooka were for those employed as:

- Community and Personal Service Workers (+643 persons)
- Professionals (+480 persons)
- Machinery Operators And Drivers (+354 persons)
- Labourers (+253 persons)

Method of travel to work

Mirrabooka's commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with Residents Place of Work data and Car Ownership.

WARNING: Method of travel to work relates to Census day, which for the 2021 Census occurred during COVID-19 lockdowns for large parts of Australia. In lockdown, many occupations were required to work from home if possible, and some industries were closed, so people did not go to work. For this reason, these categories may have increased, with corresponding declines in other methods of travel. Use the data with caution when comparing over time. For more details, please refer to the data notes.

Method of travel to work

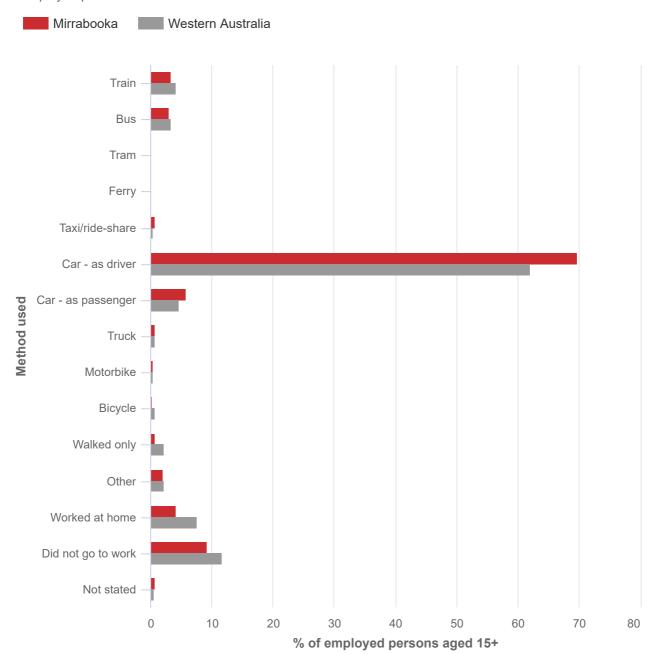
Mirrabooka - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Train	681	3.3	4.0	1,074	5.6	4.9	-393
Bus	629	3.0	3.3	717	3.8	4.3	-88
Tram	0		0.0	4	0.0	0.0	-4
Ferry	4	0.0	0.0	0		0.0	+4
Taxi/ride-share	137	0.7	0.3	81	0.4	0.2	+56
Car - as driver	14,484	69.6	62.1	13,327	69.7	63.3	+1,157
Car - as passenger	1,197	5.8	4.6	1,214	6.4	4.9	-17
Truck	135	0.6	0.6	155	0.8	0.7	-20
Motorbike	52	0.3	0.3	81	0.4	0.5	-29
Bicycle	44	0.2	0.7	76	0.4	1.0	-32
Walked only	129	0.6	2.2	156	0.8	2.8	-27
Other	416	2.0	2.2	0		2.0	+416
Worked at home	848	4.1	7.5	428	2.2	4.3	+420
Did not go to work	1,901	9.1	11.7	1,540	8.1	10.1	+361
Not stated	141	0.7	0.5	258	1.4	1.1	-117
Total employed persons aged 15+	20,798	100.0	100.0	19,111	100.0	100.0	+1,687

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

- a People who travelled to work by car
- People who travelled to work on public transport

Method of travel to work, 2021

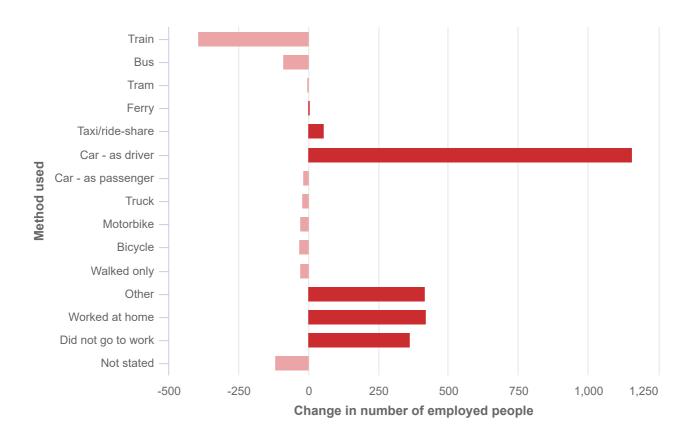
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in method of travel to work, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 1,314 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in Mirrabooka, compared with 15,868 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in Mirrabooka in 2021, compared to Western Australia, shows that 6.3% used public transport, while 75.4% used a private vehicle, compared with 7.4% and 66.7% respectively in Western Australia.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who travelled by car (as driver) (69.6% compared to 62.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who worked at home (4.1% compared to 7.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did not go to work (9.1% compared to 11.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who walked only (0.6% compared to 2.2%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Mirrabooka increased by 1,687 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the method of travel to work by resident population in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were for those nominated:

- Car as driver (+1,157 persons)
- Worked at home (+420 persons)
- Other (+416 persons)
- Train (-393 persons)

Disengagement by age

Engagement in employment and education looks at the level of participation by age and sex of the population in the labour market, or full or part-time education. A full time employed or full-time student would be "Fully engaged", while part-time students may be fully engaged if they are also employed, or partly engaged if they are not working. Engagement in the labour and education market is highly dependent on age. Retirees are generally disengaged, while stay-at-home parents are also likely to be disengaged. The rate of engagement, particularly in the younger and working age groups can be affected by access to strong employment and education markets and is a measure of socio-economic status and the level of welfare dependency in an area. For more detail on employment and educational characteristics associated with disengagement, please look at Employment Status, Qualifications and Educational Institution Attending.

Further reading: Using demographics to inform gender equality

Workforce and educational engagement by age

Mirrabooka - Po (Usual residence	ersons aged 15+ ce)		2021			2016		Change
Age group	Engagement status	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
15 to 24 years	Fully engaged	4,372	68.8	72.5	4,612	68.3	70.7	-240
15 to 24 years	Partially engaged	832	13.1	13.0	845	12.5	12.3	-13
15 to 24 years	Disengaged	734	11.6	8.8	932	13.8	10.5	-198
15 to 24 years	Undetermined/Not stated	416	6.5	5.7	367	5.4	6.5	+49
15 to 24 years	Total	6,354	100.0	100.0	6,756	100.0	100.0	-402
25 to 54 years	Fully engaged	9,799	49.3	55.6	9,542	47.5	53.7	+257
25 to 54 years	Partially engaged	4,723	23.8	23.6	4,576	22.8	22.1	+147
25 to 54 years	Disengaged	3,956	19.9	13.6	4,562	22.7	16.4	-606
25 to 54 years	Undetermined/Not stated	1,387	7.0	7.2	1,402	7.0	7.9	-15
25 to 54 years	Total	19,865	100.0	100.0	20,082	100.0	100.0	-217
55 to 64 years	Fully engaged	1,811	34.0	41.0	1,557	31.7	37.9	+254
55 to 64 years	Partially engaged	1,273	23.9	25.2	1,050	21.4	23.9	+223
55 to 64 years	Disengaged	1,971	37.1	27.8	1,952	39.8	30.9	+19
55 to 64 years	Undetermined/Not stated	264	5.0	5.9	345	7.0	7.3	-81
55 to 64 years	Total	5,319	100.0	100.0	4,904	100.0	100.0	+415
65 years and over	Fully engaged	389	5.5	6.5	334	5.8	5.7	+55
65 years and over	Partially engaged	516	7.2	9.4	358	6.2	8.6	+158
65 years and over	Disengaged	5,518	77.5	76.2	4,456	77.0	74.4	+1,062
65 years and over	Undetermined/Not stated	697	9.8	7.9	639	11.0	11.2	+58
65 years and over	Total	7,120	100.0	100.0	5,787	100.0	100.0	+1,333
Total aged 15+	Fully engaged	16,371	42.3	46.2	16,045	42.8	45.8	+326
Total aged 15+	Partially engaged	7,344	19.0	19.5	6,829	18.2	18.5	+515

Workforce and educational engagement by age

Mirrabooka - P (Usual residen	ersons aged 15+ ce)	2021 2016				Change		
Age group	Engagement status	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Total aged 15+	Disengaged	12,179	31.5	27.4	11,902	31.7	27.6	+277
Total aged 15+	Undetermined/Not stated	2,764	7.1	6.9	2,753	7.3	8.2	+11
Total aged 15+	Total	38,658	100.0	100.0	37,529	100.0	100.0	+1,129

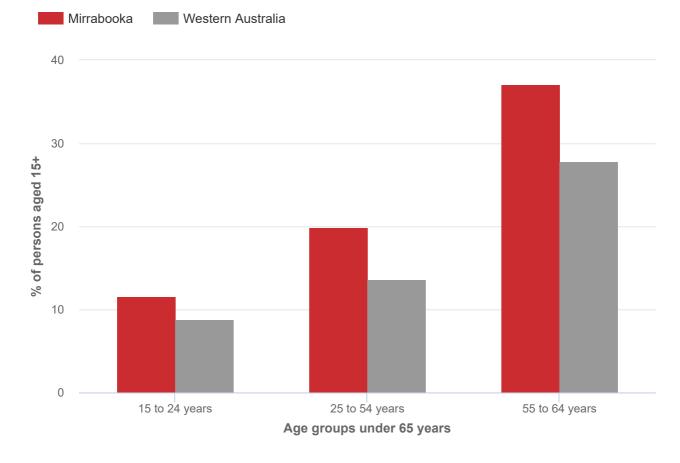
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a <u>Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)</u>

Disengaged persons by age, 2021

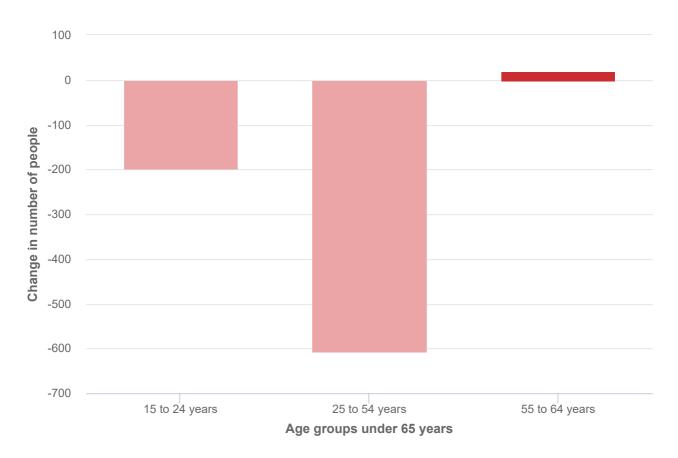
Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Change in disengaged persons by age, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total disengaged persons under 65 years



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The number of people aged 15 to 24 years in Mirrabooka in 2016 was 6,354, of this, 11.6% were disengaged and 13.1% were partially engaged, compared to 8.8% and 13.0% respectively for Western Australia.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people 15 to 24 years in Mirrabooka showed a decrease of -402.

The number of disengaged people aged 15 to 24 years showed a decrease of 198 or 21.2%.

Volunteer work

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impacting on the level of volunteering in Mirrabooka include the Age Structure of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer numbers for the 2021 Census declined in many parts of Australia due to lockdowns and COVID-19 distancing measures.

Volunteer work

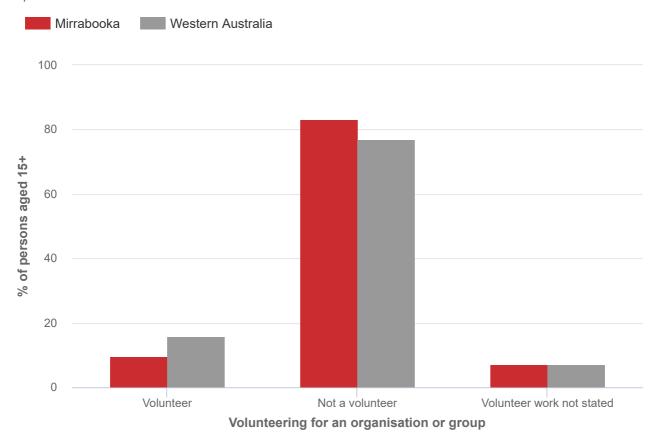
Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Volunteer status	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Volunteer	3,744	9.7	15.9	4,540	12.1	19.0	-796
Not a volunteer	32,125	83.1	77.0	29,977	79.9	72.1	+2,148
Volunteer work not stated	2,799	7.2	7.1	3,001	8.0	8.9	-202
Total persons aged 15+	38,668	100.0	100.0	37,518	100.0	100.0	+1,150

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Volunteer work, 2021

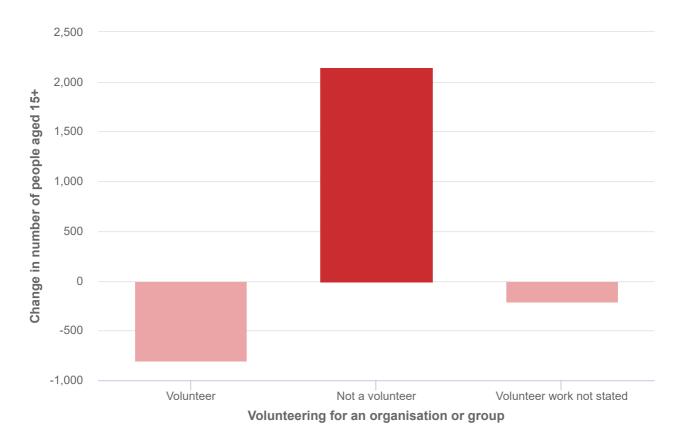
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in volunteer work, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group.

Overall, 9.7% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 15.9% for Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in Mirrabooka decreased by 796 people between 2016 and 2021.

Unpaid domestic work

There has been increased interest in identifying, acknowledging and valuing the unpaid work that supports home and community life. The changing amount of time spent on unpaid housework in different Household Types and, particularly the distribution of this work within the household, can indicate the changing roles of males, females and older children in society. The level of unpaid domestic work in Mirrabooka may also be related to Household Income, as higher income households are able to outsource some of these tasks.

Unpaid domestic work

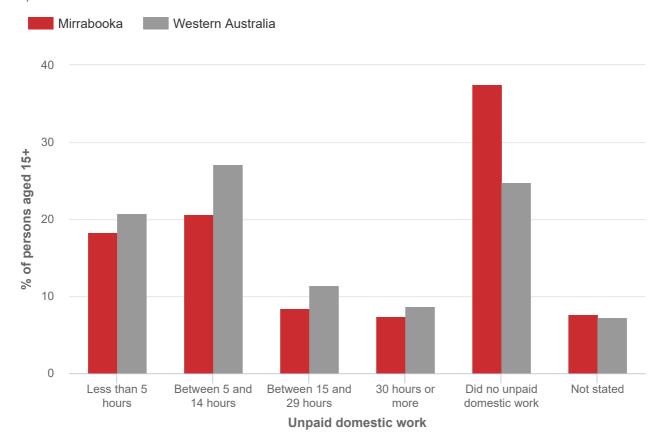
Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Hours spent on unpaid domestic work	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Did unpaid domestic work	21,202	54.8	67.9	22,165	59.1	69.4	-963
Less than 5 hours	7,074	18.3	20.8	7,695	20.5	22.4	-621
Between 5 and 14 hours	8,000	20.7	27.1	8,039	21.4	26.1	-39
Between 15 and 29 hours	3,284	8.5	11.4	3,411	9.1	11.4	-127
30 hours or more	2,844	7.4	8.7	3,020	8.1	9.5	-176
Did no unpaid domestic work	14,496	37.5	24.8	12,073	32.2	21.2	+2,423
Not stated	2,973	7.7	7.3	3,277	8.7	9.4	-304
Total persons aged 15+	38,671	100.0	100.0	37,515	100.0	100.0	+1,156

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid domestic work, 2021

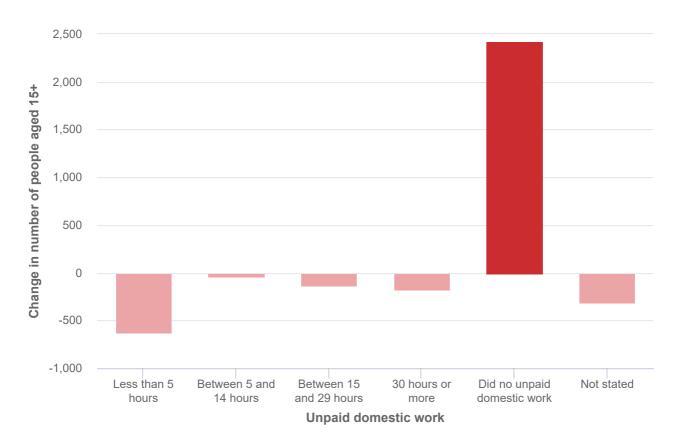
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid domestic work, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid domestic work performed by the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of persons who performed 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work per week.

Overall, 16% of the population reported performing 15 hours or more of unpaid domestic work, compared with 20.1% for Western Australia.

The major differences between the share of the population performing unpaid domestic work in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who did no unpaid domestic work (37.5% compared to 24.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did unpaid domestic work (total) (54.8% compared to 67.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did between 5 and 14 hours of domestic work (20.7% compared to 27.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who did between 15 and 29 hours of domestic work (8.5% compared to 11.4%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the number of people performing unpaid domestic work in Mirrabooka, between 2016 and 2021 were those who:

- Did no unpaid domestic work (+2,423 persons)
- Did unpaid domestic work (-963 persons)
- Less than 5 hours (-621 persons)
- 30 hours or more (-176 persons)

Unpaid care

The proportion of people providing unpaid care for the aged and disabled in Mirrabooka can be an important indicator of the level of demand for aged care services and facilities by local and state governments. An increasing proportion of carers among the population may indicate inadequate aged care provision, or the need for in-home support, or support for the carers themselves. The level of care provided by individuals is likely to be affected by Household Income, Age Structure and the ethnic makeup of the community (Language Spoken), as well as the sense of community cohesiveness.

Unpaid care

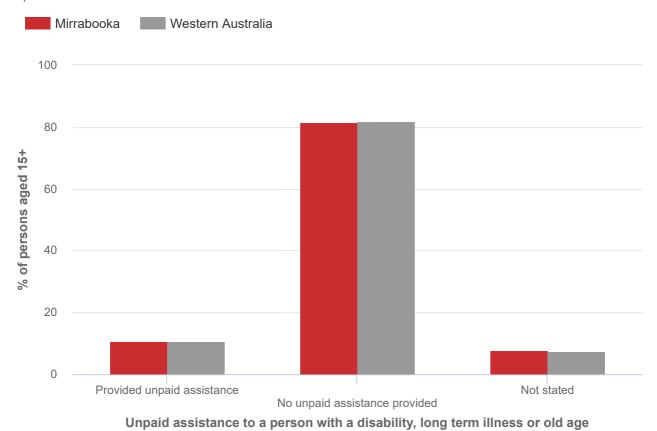
Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Provided unpaid assistance	4,113	10.6	10.7	3,910	10.4	9.8	+203
No unpaid assistance provided	31,517	81.5	81.9	30,255	80.7	80.7	+1,262
Not stated	3,040	7.9	7.3	3,345	8.9	9.5	-305
Total persons aged 15+	38,670	100.0	100.0	37,510	100.0	100.0	+1,160

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid care, 2021

Total persons

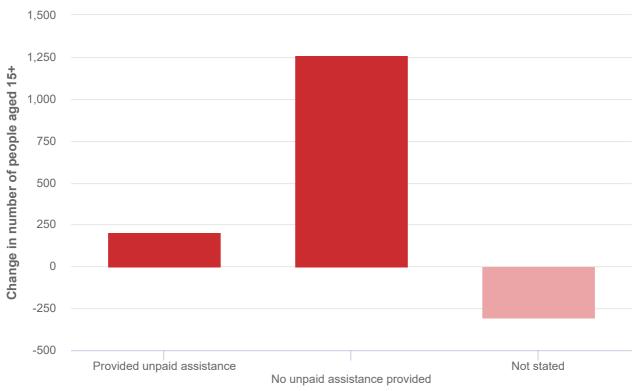


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Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid care, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid care provided by the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a similar proportion of people who provided unpaid care either to family members or others.

Overall, 10.6% of the population provided unpaid care, compared with 10.7% for Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability, long term illness or old age in Mirrabooka increased by 203 between 2016 and 2021.

Unpaid childcare

The role of unpaid childcare in Mirrabooka is determined by many different factors. For example areas with high levels of unpaid child care may have a dominance of single income families with one significant earner, or there could be a lack of provision of paid child care in the area. The level to which people care for others children can also indicate the role of extended family (eg. grandparents caring for grandchildren, family day care).

The role of unpaid child care is a complex one so this topic should be viewed in conjunction with several others, including Household Type, Employment, Household Income and Educational Attendance.

Unpaid childcare

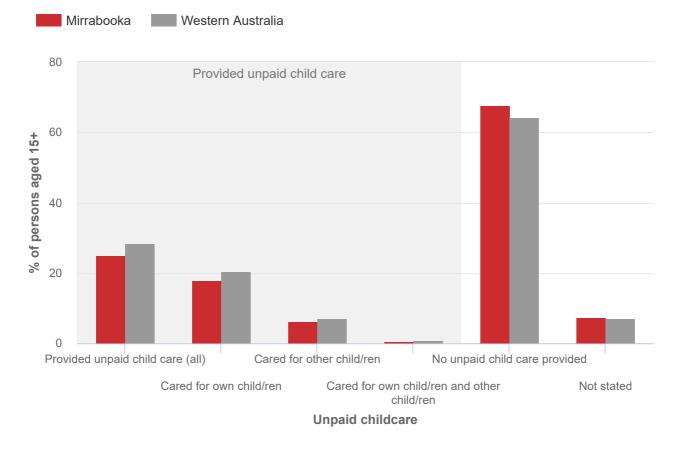
Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Unpaid child care	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Provided unpaid child care (all)	9,653	25.0	28.5	9,610	25.6	28.5	+43
Cared for own child/ren	6,941	18.0	20.5	7,036	18.8	20.6	-95
Cared for other child/ren	2,455	6.3	7.1	2,338	6.2	7.0	+117
Cared for own child/ren and other child/ren	257	0.7	0.9	236	0.6	0.8	+21
No unpaid child care provided	26,166	67.7	64.4	24,835	66.2	62.6	+1,331
Not stated	2,848	7.4	7.1	3,073	8.2	9.0	-225
Total persons aged 15+	38,667	100.0	100.0	37,518	100.0	100.0	+1,149

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Unpaid childcare, 2021

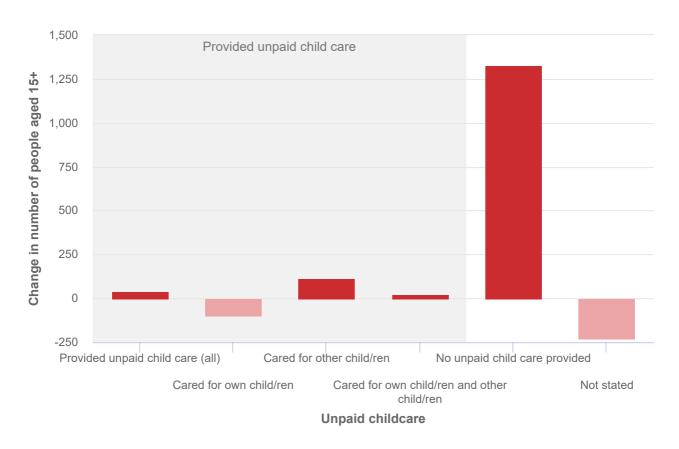
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in unpaid childcare, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u>, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the unpaid child care provided by the population in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of people who provided unpaid child care either to their own or to other children. Overall, 25.0% of the population provided unpaid child care, compared with 28.5% for Western Australia.

The major differences between the share of the population providing unpaid child care in Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A larger percentage who did not provide care for children (67.7% compared to 64.4%)
- A smaller percentage who provided unpaid childcare for own child/ren (18.0% compared to 20.5%)

Emerging groups

The number of people who provided unpaid child care for their own and/or other people's children in Mirrabooka increased by 43 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the number of people performing unpaid child care in Mirrabooka, between 2016 and 2021 were those who:

- No unpaid child care provided (+1,331 persons)
- Cared for other child/ren (+117 persons)
- Cared for own child/ren (-95 persons)

Individual income

Individual Income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Mirrabooka. The amount of income an individual receives is linked to a number of factors including employment status, age (as for instance students and retirees often receive a lower income), qualifications and type of employment.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Individual Income Quartiles.

Weekly individual income

Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)		2021	
Weekly gross income	Number	%	Western Australia %
Negative Income/ Nil income	4,166	10.8	8.8
\$1 - \$149	1,204	3.1	3.5
\$150 - \$299	2,648	6.8	4.9
\$300 - \$399	4,009	10.4	7.1
\$400 - \$499	3,533	9.1	7.0
\$500 - \$649	2,838	7.3	6.8
\$650 - \$799	2,820	7.3	6.3
\$800 - \$999	3,613	9.3	7.2
\$1,000 - \$1,249	3,638	9.4	8.5
\$1,250 - \$1,499	2,456	6.4	6.7
\$1,500 - \$1,749	1,636	4.2	6.1
\$1,750 - \$1,999	1,120	2.9	4.7
\$2,000 - \$2,999	1,428	3.7	8.8
\$3,000 - \$3,499	232	0.6	2.3
\$3,500 or more	302	0.8	3.6
Not stated	3,030	7.8	7.7
Total persons aged 15+	38,673	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Weekly individual income, 2021

Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of individual income levels in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of people earning a high income (those earning \$2,000 per week or more) and a higher proportion of low income people (those earning less than \$500 per week).

Overall, 5.1% of the population earned a high income, and 40.2% earned a low income, compared with 14.7% and 31.3% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between Mirrabooka's individual incomes and Western Australia's individual incomes were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who earned \$300 \$399 (10.4% compared to 7.1%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who earned \$400 \$499 (9.1% compared to 7.0%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who earned \$2,000 \$2,999 (3.7% compared to 8.8%)
- A smaller percentage of persons who earned \$3,500 or more (0.8% compared to 3.6%)

Individual income quartiles

Mirrabooka's income statistics are an indicator of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Household Income, Qualifications and Occupation, they help tell the story of the area's economic opportunities and socio-economic status. Individual income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the income profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Individual Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in **specific** data notes.

Individual income quartiles

Mirrabooka - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Quartile group	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	11,305	31.7	25.0	10,809	31.6	25.0	+496
Medium lowest	10,789	30.3	25.0	10,527	30.7	25.0	+263
Medium highest	9,486	26.6	25.0	9,019	26.3	25.0	+467
Highest group	4,061	11.4	25.0	3,902	11.4	25.0	+159
Total persons aged 15+	35,643	100.0	100.0	34,258	100.0	100.0	+1,385

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

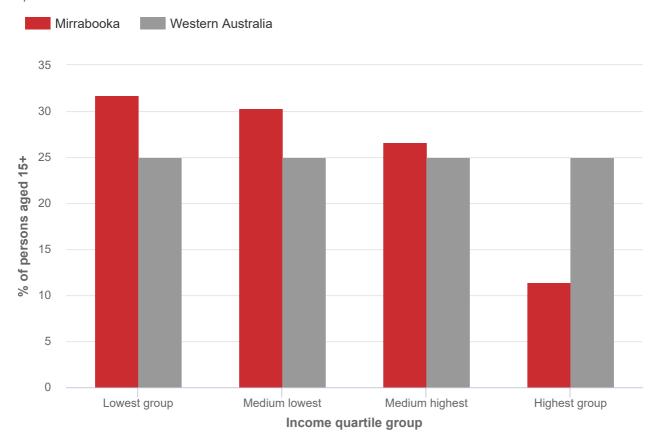
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Individual income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA - Total persons aged 15+	Weekly income by Census year						
Individual quartile ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001		
Lowest group	\$0 to \$381	\$0 to \$322	\$0 to \$284	\$0 to \$219	\$0 to \$178		
Medium lowest	\$382 to \$848	\$323 to \$723	\$285 to \$661	\$220 to \$500	\$179 to \$374		
Medium highest	\$849 to \$1,599	\$724 to \$1,407	\$662 to \$1,271	\$501 to \$941	\$375 to \$692		
Highest group	\$1,600 and over	\$1,408 and over	\$1,272 and over	\$942 and over	\$693 and over		

Individual income quartiles, 2021

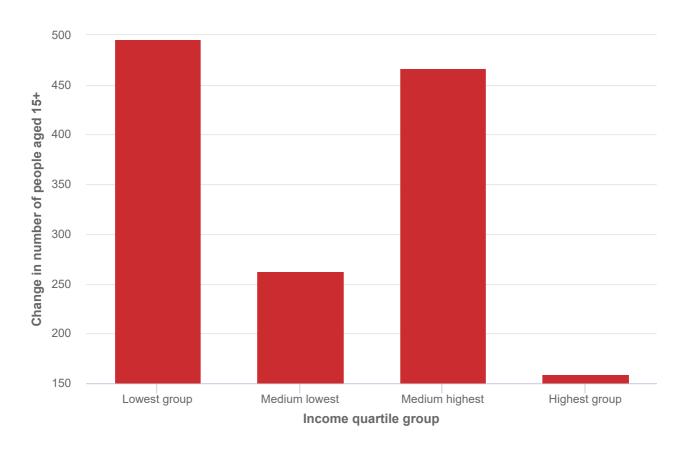
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in individual income quartiles, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of the population by income quartile in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was lesser proportion of persons in the highest income quartile and a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Mirrabooka in persons between 2016 and 2021 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 496 persons.

Household income

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Mirrabooka's Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Occupation, it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Mirrabooka. It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with Age and Household Composition.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Household Income Quartiles.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Weekly household income

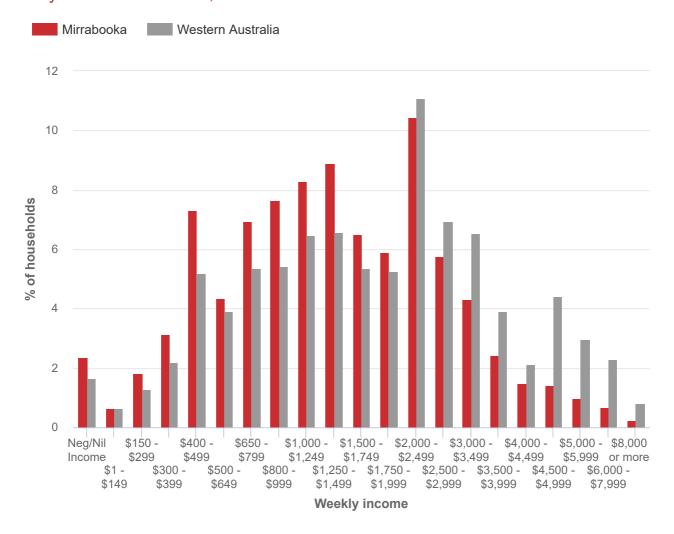
Mirrabooka - Total households (Enumerated)		2021		
Weekly income	Number	%	Western Australia %	
Neg/Nil Income	398	2.3	1.6	
\$1 - \$149	109	0.6	0.6	
\$150 - \$299	310	1.8	1.3	
\$300 - \$399	529	3.1	2.2	
\$400 - \$499	1,239	7.3	5.2	
\$500 - \$649	739	4.4	3.9	
\$650 - \$799	1,179	6.9	5.3	
\$800 - \$999	1,296	7.6	5.4	
\$1,000 - \$1,249	1,405	8.3	6.5	
\$1,250 - \$1,499	1,508	8.9	6.6	
\$1,500 - \$1,749	1,101	6.5	5.4	
\$1,750 - \$1,999	998	5.9	5.3	
\$2,000 - \$2,499	1,772	10.4	11.1	
\$2,500 - \$2,999	979	5.8	7.0	
\$3,000 - \$3,499	730	4.3	6.5	
\$3,500 - \$3,999	412	2.4	3.9	
\$4,000 - \$4,499	250	1.5	2.1	
\$4,500 - \$4,999	243	1.4	4.4	
\$5,000 - \$5,999	165	1.0	3.0	
\$6,000 - \$7,999	114	0.7	2.3	
\$8,000 or more	41	0.2	0.8	
Not stated	1,449	8.5	9.6	
Total households	16,966	100.0	100.0	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- Low income households (less than \$800 per week)
- a High income households (more than \$3,000 per week)
- a Median household income

Weekly household income, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of high income households (those earning \$3,000 per week or more) and a higher proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$800 per week).

Overall, 11.5% of the households earned a high income and 26.5% were low income households, compared with 23.0% and 20.2% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences between the household incomes of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A larger percentage of households who earned \$1,250 \$1,499 (8.9% compared to 6.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of households who earned \$800 \$999 (7.6% compared to 5.4%)
- A smaller percentage of households who earned \$4,500 \$4,999 (1.4% compared to 4.4%)
- A smaller percentage of households who earned \$3,000 \$3,499 (4.3% compared to 6.5%)

Household income quartiles

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as Qualifications and Occupation, it helps to reveal Mirrabooka's socio-economic status and economic opportunities. Household income levels are not comparable over time because of the influences of economic change such as wage level fluctuations and inflation. The income quartile method is a powerful and objective way of looking at income data and in particular, how it is changing.

A detailed explanation of how Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in **specific** data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Household income quartiles

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	5,076	32.7	25.0	4,545	32.3	25.0	+530
Medium lowest	4,955	31.9	25.0	4,478	31.8	25.0	+476
Medium highest	3,578	23.1	25.0	3,269	23.2	25.0	+309
Highest group	1,907	12.3	25.0	1,789	12.7	25.0	+118
Total Households	15,517	100.0	100.0	14,084	100.0	100.0	+1,433

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

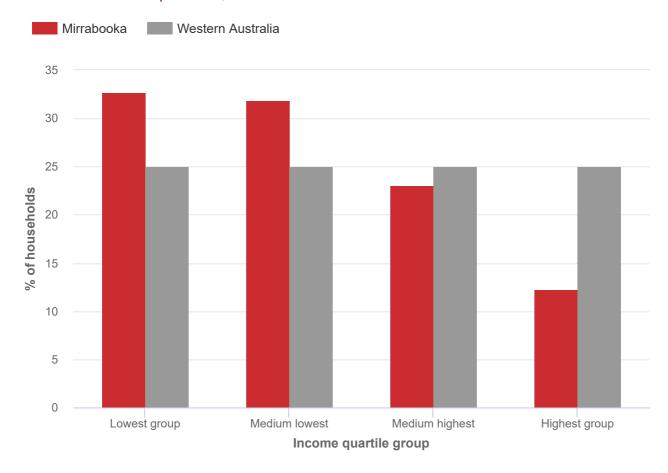
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA	Weekly income by Census year										
Household income ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001	1996	1991				
Lowest group	\$0 to \$888	\$0 to \$790	\$0 to \$693	\$0 to \$565	\$0 to \$416	\$0 to \$348	\$0 to \$305				
Medium lowest	\$889 to \$1,804	\$791 to \$1,582	\$694 to \$1,405	\$566 to \$1,062	\$417 to \$783	\$349 to \$651	\$306 to \$556				
Medium highest	\$1,805 to \$3,032	\$1,583 to \$2,614	\$1,406 to \$2,507	\$1,063 to \$1,774	\$784 to \$1,311	\$652 to \$1,094	\$557 to \$910				
Highest group	\$3,033 and over	\$2,615 and over	\$2,508 and over	\$1,775 and over	\$1,312 and over	\$1,095 and over	\$911 and over				

- Low income households (less than \$800 per week)
- a High income households (more than \$3,000 per week)
- a Median household income

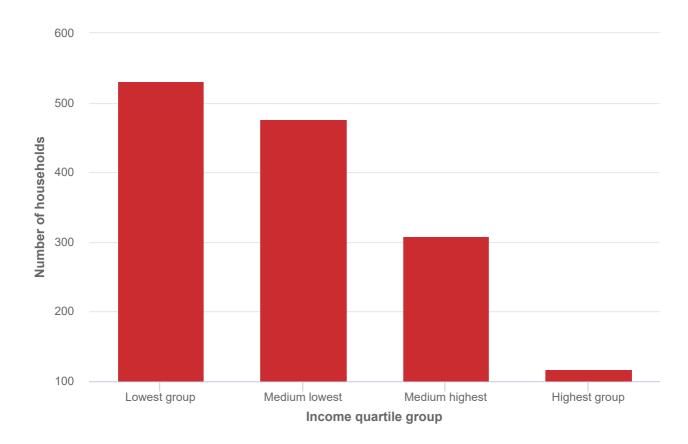
Household income quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household income quartile, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was lesser proportion of households in the highest income quartile and a greater proportion in the lowest income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 530 households.

Equivalised household income

While **Household Income** is a useful measure, it is difficult to tell if changes over time and between geographic areas are due to actual changes in income levels, or due to changes in household size and composition. For example, an increase in lower income households could be due to job losses in key economic sectors, or simply due to decreasing household size as adult children leave home.

Equivalised Household Income puts all households on an equal footing independent of household size and composition to enable a true comparison between areas and over time. It is an indicator of the income resource available to a household of standard size and is the best measure of the changing economic fortunes of households living in Mirrabooka.

A detailed explanation of how Equivalised Household Income quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Equivalised household income quartiles

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Quartile group	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	5,685	36.8	25.0	5,224	37.3	25.0	+461
Medium lowest	4,739	30.7	25.0	4,220	30.2	25.0	+519
Medium highest	3,391	22.0	25.0	3,055	21.8	25.0	+336
Highest group	1,626	10.5	25.0	1,490	10.7	25.0	+136
Total Households	15,442	100.0	100.0	13,990	100.0	100.0	+1,452

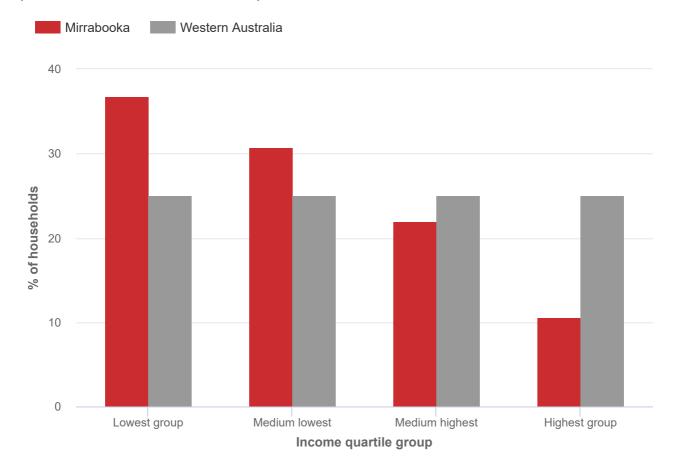
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by informed decisions).

Equivalised household income - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from income data for WA	Weekly income by Census year										
Equivalised household income ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001						
Lowest group	\$0 to \$616	\$0 to \$538	\$0 to \$485	\$0 to \$374	\$0 to \$285						
Medium lowest	\$617 to \$1,121	\$539 to \$971	\$486 to \$878	\$375 to \$654	\$286 to \$487						
Medium highest	\$1,122 to \$1,774	\$972 to \$1,559	\$879 to \$1,383	\$655 to \$1,039	\$488 to \$766						
Highest group	\$1,775 and over	\$1,560 and over	\$1,384 and over	\$1,040 and over	\$767 and over						

- a Low income households (less than \$800 per week)
- a High income households (more than \$3,000 per week)
- a Median household income

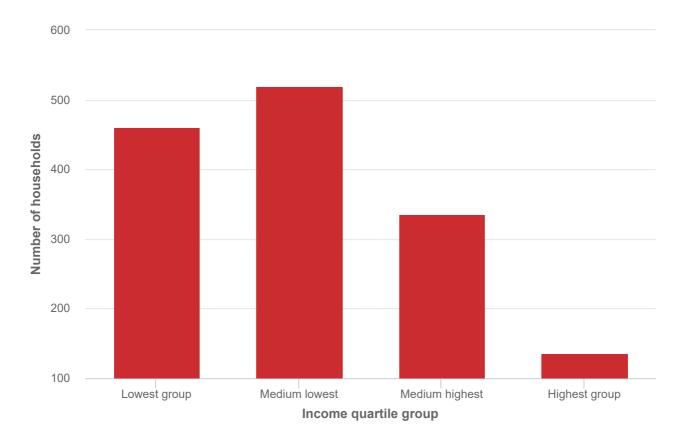
Equivalised household income quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in equivalised household income guartiles, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Equivalised income quartiles allow us to compare relative income-earning capabilities across time. Because the data is equivalised, households of different size and composition are placed on an equal footing.

Analysis of the distribution of households by income quartile in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lesser proportion of households in the highest equivalised income quartile, and a greater proportion in the lowest equivalised income quartile.

Emerging groups

The most significant change in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 was in the medium lowest quartile which showed an increase of 519 households.

Household type

Mirrabooka's household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, Mirrabooka's Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households without Children, Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

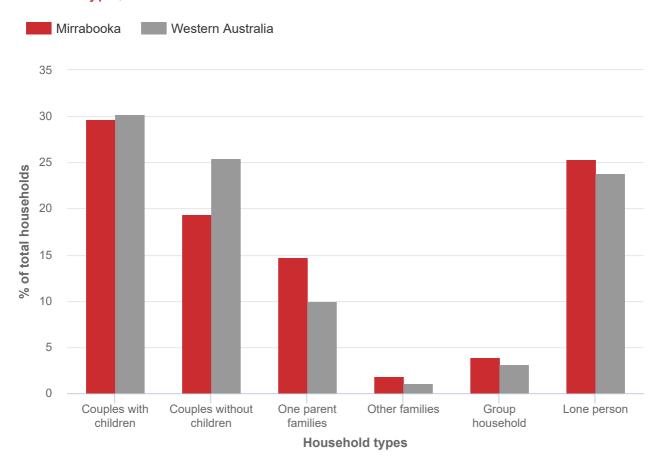
Household type

Mirrabooka - Total households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Households by type	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	5,275	29.7	30.2	5,348	32.1	30.9	-73
Couples without children	3,436	19.4	25.4	3,229	19.4	25.6	+207
One parent families	2,622	14.8	10.0	2,435	14.6	9.6	+187
Other families	326	1.8	1.1	319	1.9	1.2	+7
Group household	691	3.9	3.2	646	3.9	3.5	+45
Lone person	4,499	25.4	23.8	3,722	22.3	21.8	+777
Other not classifiable household	770	4.3	3.6	863	5.2	5.2	-93
Visitor only households	122	0.7	2.7	123	0.7	2.4	-1
Total households	17,741	100.0	100.0	16,685	100.0	100.0	+1,056

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

- One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children
- Young couples (aged 15-44 years) without children
- Older couples (65 years and over) without children
- Young lone person households (aged 15-44 years)
- a Older lone person households (aged 65 years and over)
- Average household size

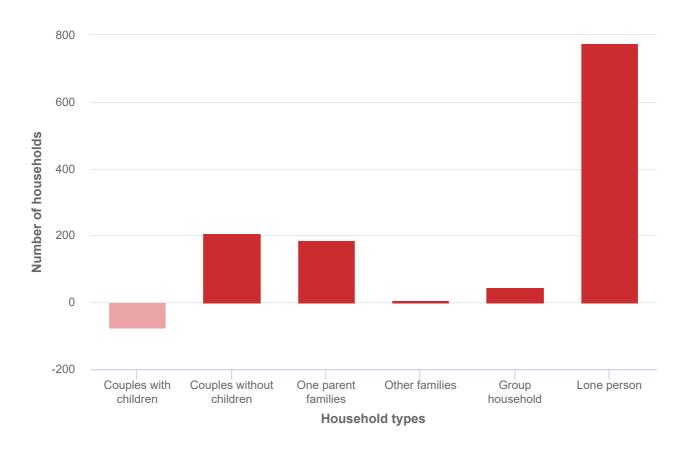
Household type, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in household type, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a similar proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a higher proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 29.7% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 14.8% were one-parent families, compared with 30.2% and 10.0% respectively for Western Australia.

There were a higher proportion of lone person households and a lower proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 25.4% compared to 23.8% in Western Australia while the proportion of couples without children was 19.4% compared to 25.4% in Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The number of households in Mirrabooka increased by 1,056 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in family/household types in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Lone person (+777 households)
- Couples without children (+207 households)
- One parent families (+187 households)
- · Couples with children (-73 households)

Households with children

Households with Children require different services and facilities than other household types, and their needs change as both adults and children age. When many families in an area are at the same stage in their individual lifecycles, it creates a suburb lifecycle. Knowing where a suburb is in a cycle of change helps planners make evidence-based decisions about the demand for services both now and in the future.

For Households with Children in Mirrabooka, life stage is based on the age of children in the household. The age of the parent(s) is not taken into account.

- Young children: Children aged under 15 only
- **Mixed age children:** One or more children under 15 and one or more children over 15 (must have 2 or more children)
- Older children: Children aged 15 and over only

To continue building the story, Mirrabooka's Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

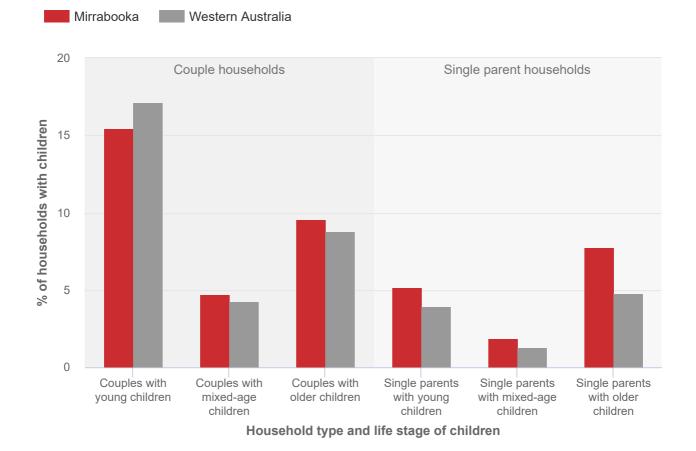
Households with children by life stage

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Households with children	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	5,275	29.7	30.2	5,348	32.1	30.9	-73
Couples with young children	2,739	15.4	17.1	2,737	16.4	17.5	+2
Couples with mixed-age children	836	4.7	4.3	909	5.4	4.3	-73
Couples with older children	1,700	9.6	8.8	1,702	10.2	9.1	-2
Single parents with children	2,622	14.8	10.0	2,435	14.6	9.6	+187
Single parents with young children	919	5.2	3.9	852	5.1	3.7	+67
Single parents with mixed-age children	330	1.9	1.3	323	1.9	1.2	+7
Single parents with older children	1,373	7.7	4.8	1,260	7.6	4.7	+113
Total households with children	7,897	44.5	40.2	7,783	46.6	40.4	+114
Total households	17,741	100.0	100.0	16,685	100.0	100.0	+1,056

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

- One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children

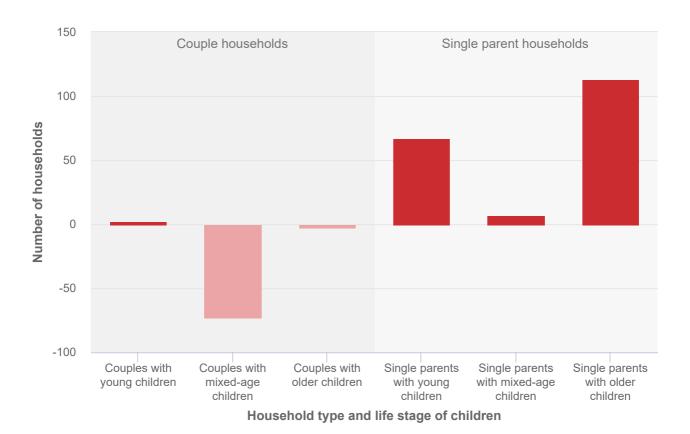
Households with children, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in households with children, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the families with children in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of couples with young children, and a larger proportion of couples with older children.

Overall, 15.4% of total households with children were couple with young children, and 9.6% were couples with older children, compared with 17.1% and 8.8% respectively for Western Australia.

There were a larger proportion of single parent households with young children and a larger proportion of single parent households with older children. Overall, the proportion of single parent households with young children was 5.2% compared to 3.9% in Western Australia while the proportion of single parent households with older children was 7.7% compared to 4.8% in Western Australia.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of households with children increased by 114 households or 1.5%.

The largest changes in households with children in this area between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Single parents with older children (+113 households)
- Couples with mixed-age children (-73 households)
- Single parents with young children (+67 households)

Households without children

Households without Children include couples without children and lone person households. They require different services depending on the age of the people in the households. For example young couples who have not had children (yet) compared to older "empty nester" couples whose children may have left home.

For Households without Children in Mirrabooka, life stage is based on the age of the household reference person (usually person 1 on the Census form):

Young: Aged 15-44Middle-aged: Aged 45-64Older: Aged 65 and over

To continue building the story, Mirrabooka's Household data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

Households without children by life stage

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)		2021			2016		Change
Households without children	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Couples without children	3,436	19.4	25.4	3,229	19.4	25.6	+207
Young couples without children	1,095	6.2	7.3	1,118	6.7	7.8	-23
Middle-aged couples without children	1,001	5.6	8.2	976	5.8	8.6	+25
Older couples without children	1,340	7.6	10.0	1,135	6.8	9.1	+205
Lone person households	4,499	25.4	23.8	3,722	22.3	21.8	+777
Young lone persons	1,302	7.3	6.7	1,060	6.4	6.1	+242
Middle-aged lone persons	1,489	8.4	7.5	1,314	7.9	7.3	+175
Older lone persons	1,708	9.6	9.6	1,348	8.1	8.3	+360
Group households	691	3.9	3.2	646	3.9	3.5	+45
Total households without children	8,626	48.6	52.4	7,597	45.5	50.8	+1,029
Total households	17,741	100.0	100.0	16,685	100.0	100.0	+1,056

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Households without children, 2021

0

Young

couples

without

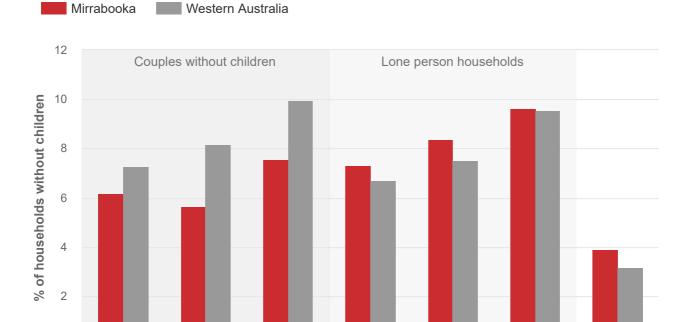
children

Middle-aged

couples

without

children



Household type and life stage

Young lone

persons

Middle-aged

lone persons

Older lone

persons

Group

households

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Older

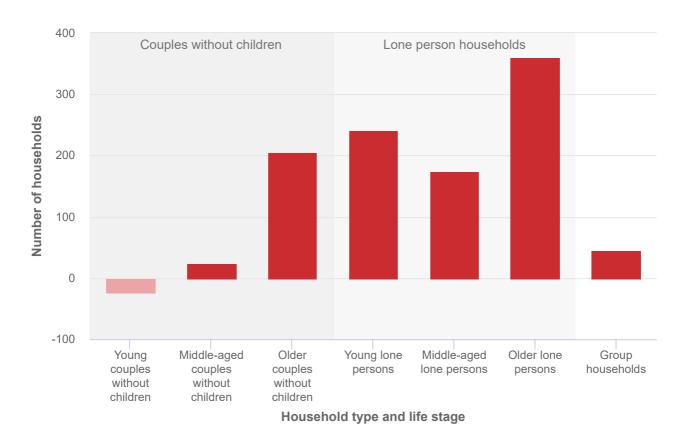
couples

without

children

Change in households without children, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the households without children in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of young couples without children, a smaller proportion of middle-aged couples without children, and a smaller proportion of older couples without children.

In addition, there were a larger proportion of young lone person households, a larger proportion of middle-aged lone person households, and a similar proportion of older lone person households.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of households without children increased by 1,029.

The largest changes in households without children in Mirrabooka, between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Older lone persons (+360 persons)
- Young lone persons (+242 persons)
- Older couples without children (+205 persons)
- Middle-aged lone persons (+175 persons)

Household size

The size of households in general follows the life-cycle of families. Households are usually small at the stage of relationship formation (early marriage), and then increase in size with the advent of children. They later reduce in size again as these children reach adulthood and leave home. Household size can also be influenced by a lack (or abundance) of affordable housing. Overseas migrants and indigenous persons often have a tradition of living with extended family members which significantly affects household size.

Household size in Australia has generally declined since the 1970s, but the rate of decline has slowed in recent years.

An increasing household size in an area may indicate a lack of affordable housing opportunities for young people, an increase in the birth rate or an increase in family formation in the area. A declining household size may indicate children leaving the area when they leave home, an increase in retirees settling in the area, or an attraction of young singles and couples to the area.

For greater insight, Mirrabooka's Household Size data should be viewed in conjunction with Household Summary, Age Structure, Dwelling Type, Household Income and Language Spoken at Home.

Household size

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Number of persons usually resident	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
1 person	4,504	26.7	25.4	3,720	23.7	23.6	+784
2 persons	4,888	29.0	33.5	4,422	28.2	33.9	+466
3 persons	2,853	16.9	15.9	2,781	17.7	16.3	+72
4 persons	2,436	14.5	15.9	2,438	15.5	16.4	-2
5 persons	1,195	7.1	6.4	1,239	7.9	6.7	-44
6 or more persons	978	5.8	2.9	1,086	6.9	3.1	-108
Total classifiable households	16,854	100.0	100.0	15,686	100.0	100.0	+1,168

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Household size - Summary

Mirrabooka - Enumerated	2021				Change		
Dwellings	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	17,753			16,680			+1,073
Persons in occupied private dwellings	47,022			46,610			+412
Average household size (persons per dwelling)	2.65		2.48	2.79		2.52	-0.15

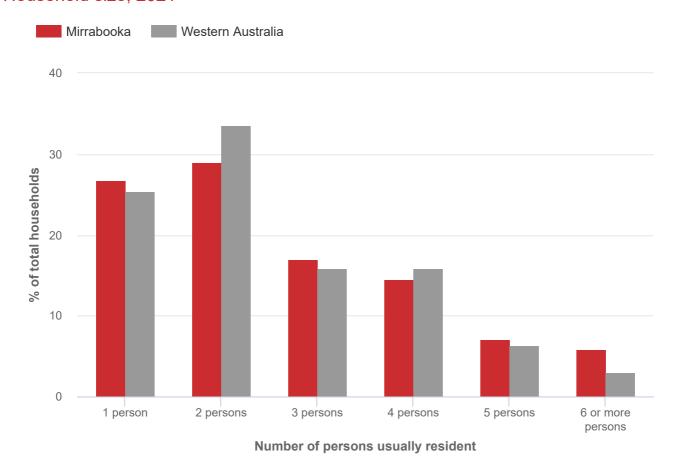
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

The 'Dwellings' table is enumerated data.

a Average household size

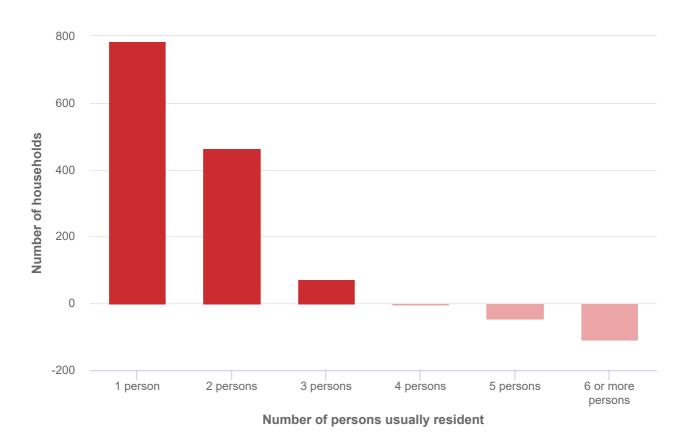
Household size, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household size, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of persons usually resident in a household in Mirrabooka compared with Western Australia shows that there were a higher proportion of lone person households, and a higher proportion of larger households (those with 4 persons or more). Overall there were 26.7% of lone person households, and 27.3% of larger households, compared with 25.4% and 25.2% respectively for Western Australia.

The major differences in the household size for Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A larger percentage of households with 6 or more persons usually resident (5.8% compared to 2.9%)
- A larger percentage of households with 1 person usually resident (26.7% compared to 25.4%)
- A smaller percentage of households with 2 persons usually resident (29.0% compared to 33.5%)
- A smaller percentage of households with 4 persons usually resident (14.5% compared to 15.9%)

Emerging groups

The number of households in Mirrabooka increased by 1,168 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the number of persons usually resident in a household in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were:

- 1 person (+784 households)
- 2 persons (+466 households)
- 6 or more persons (-108 households)
- 3 persons (+72 households)

Family blending

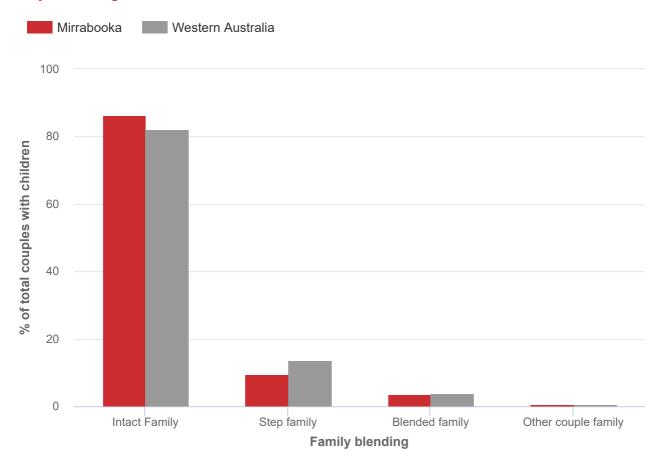
Information on blended and intact families can be an indicator of the level of family breakup and repartnering within the area, and a potential indicator of socio-economic disadvantage. Family blending only applies to couple families with children. For information more broadly about household and family types, including single-parent families, please see Household Type, Households with Children, and Households without Children.

Family blending

Mirrabooka - Total couples with children (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Family blending by type	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Intact Family	4,643	86.4	82.2	4,835	88.7	88.9	-192
Step family	515	9.6	13.5	364	6.7	6.6	+151
Blended family	188	3.5	3.8	220	4.0	3.9	-32
Other couple family	28	0.5	0.6	34	0.6	0.6	-6
Total couples with children	5,374	100.0	100.0	5,453	100.0	100.0	-79

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions)

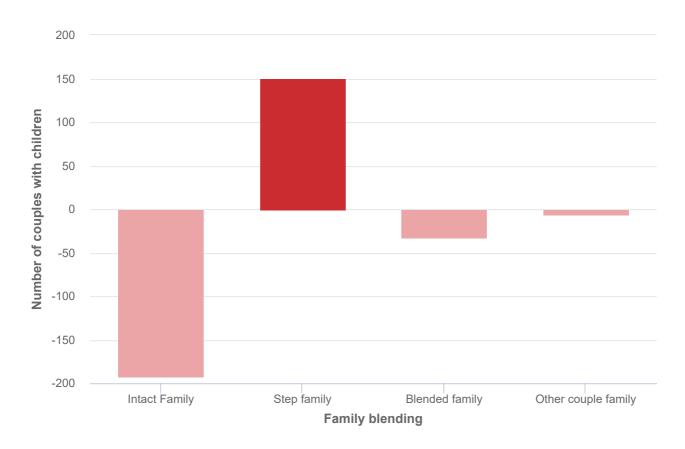
Family blending, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in family blending, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the family blending in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of step families as well as a lower proportion of blended families. Overall, 9.6% of total couple families with children were step families, and 3.5% were blended families, compared with 13.5% and 3.8% respectively for Western Australia.

There were a similar proportion of other families and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of other families was 0.5% compared to 0.6% in Western Australia while the proportion of intact families was 86.4% compared to 82.2% in Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The number of couple families with children in Mirrabooka decreased by 79 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in family blending in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Intact Family (-192 couples with children)
- Step family (+151 couples with children)

Dwelling type

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of Mirrabooka's residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in Mirrabooka.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Dwelling structure

Mirrabooka - Dwellings (Enumerated)		2021			2016			
Dwelling type	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021	
Separate house	14,959	78.4	77.1	13,273	73.5	76.5	+1,686	
Medium density	4,010	21.0	15.9	4,765	26.4	17.3	-755	
High density	46	0.2	4.8	0		4.0	+46	
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	0		1.5	0		1.4	0	
Other	39	0.2	0.4	5	0.0	0.5	+34	
Not stated	20	0.1	0.4	27	0.1	0.4	-7	
Total Private Dwellings	19,074	100.0	100.0	18,070	100.0	100.0	+1,004	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Dwelling type

Mirrabooka	2021				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	17,753	93.0	89.5	16,680	92.2	87.4	+1,073
Unoccupied private dwellings	1,318	6.9	10.3	1,393	7.7	12.4	-75
Non private dwellings	13	0.1	0.2	10	0.1	0.2	+3
Total dwellings	19,084	100.0	100.0	18,083	100.0	100.0	+1,001

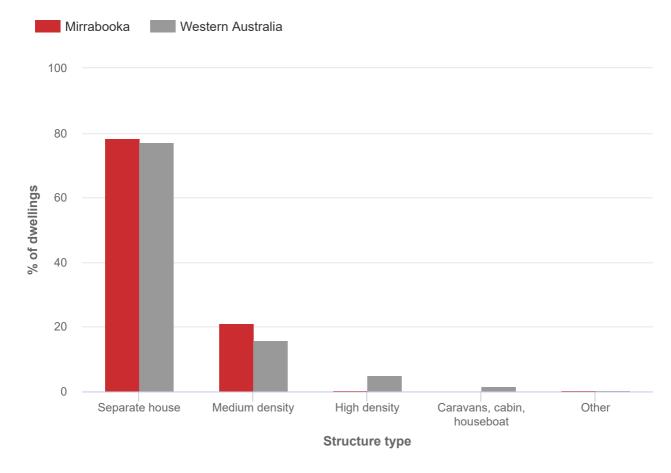
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- People in non-private dwellings
- Unoccupied dwellings

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

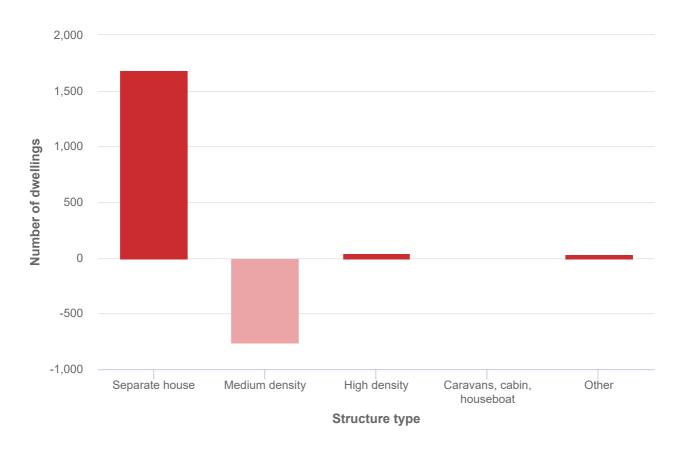
Dwelling structure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in dwelling structure, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 14,959 separate houses in the area, 4,010 medium density dwellings, and 46 high density dwellings.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in Mirrabooka in 2021 shows that 78.4% of all dwellings were separate houses; 21.0% were medium density dwellings, and 0.2% were in high density dwellings, compared with 77.1%, 15.9%, and 4.8% in the Western Australia respectively.

In 2021, a total of 93.0% of the dwellings in Mirrabooka were occupied on Census night, compared to 89.5% in Western Australia. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 6.9%, which is smaller compared to that found in Western Australia (10.3%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in Mirrabooka increased by 1,001 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the type of dwellings found in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Separate house (+1,686 dwellings)
- Medium density (-755 dwellings)

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

The Number of Bedrooms in a dwelling is an indicator of the size of dwellings, and when combined with **Dwelling Type** information, provides insight into the role Mirrabooka plays in the housing market. For example, an area of high density dwellings that are predominantly 1-2 bedroom are likely to attract students, single workers and young couples, whereas a high density area with dwellings that are predominantly 2-3 bedroom may attract more empty nesters and some families.

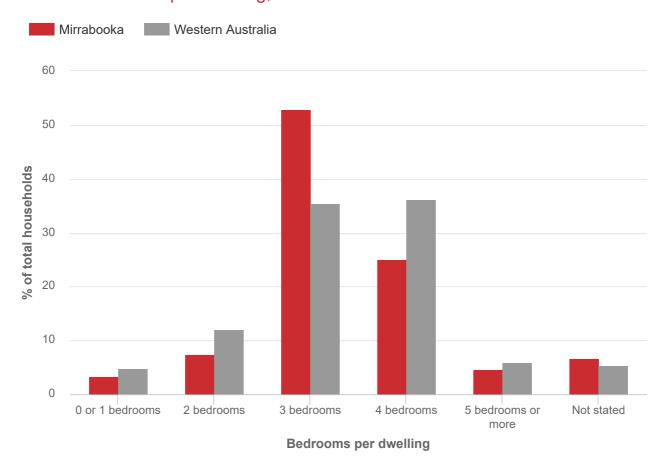
In combination with Household Type and Household Size, the Number of Bedrooms can also indicate issues around housing affordability, overcrowding and other socio-economic factors.

Number of bedrooms per dwelling

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Number of bedrooms	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2011 to 2021
0 or 1 bedrooms	600	3.4	4.8	532	3.4	4.7	+68
2 bedrooms	1,311	7.4	12.1	1,066	6.8	12.5	+245
3 bedrooms	9,393	52.9	35.5	8,059	51.5	37.2	+1,334
4 bedrooms	4,452	25.1	36.2	4,226	27.0	34.3	+226
5 bedrooms or more	829	4.7	6.0	739	4.7	5.3	+90
Not stated	1,173	6.6	5.4	1,037	6.6	6.0	+136
Total households	17,758	100.0	100.0	15,659	100.0	100.0	+2,099

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

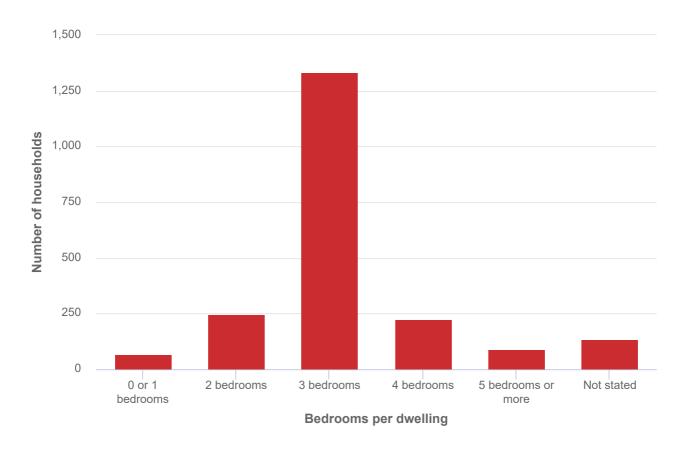
Number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in number of bedrooms per dwelling, 2011 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the number of bedrooms in dwellings in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, as well as a lower proportion of dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms.

Overall, 10.8% of households were in dwellings with 2 bedrooms or less, and 29.7% of 4 or more bedroom dwellings, compared with 16.9% and 42.2% for Western Australia respectively.

The major differences between the number of bedrooms per dwelling of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of 3 bedroom dwellings (52.9% compared to 35.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 4 bedroom dwellings (25.1% compared to 36.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 2 bedroom dwellings (7.4% compared to 12.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of dwellings with 1 or no bedrooms (includes bedsitters) (3.4% compared to 4.8%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the number of bedrooms per dwelling in Mirrabooka between 2011 and 2021 were:

- 3 bedrooms (+1,334 dwellings)
- 2 bedrooms (+245 dwellings)
- 4 bedrooms (+226 dwellings)
- 5 bedrooms or more (+90 dwellings)

Internet connection

Please note: For the 2021 Census, the ABS dropped the question regarding household internet connection. This page shows data for the 2016 and previous Censuses only.

An internet connection is now an important utility for most households in Australia. It is increasingly required for accessing essential information and taking part in the digital economy. Australia-wide in 2016, nearly 80% of all households had internet access. However, this decreases with age – seniors are less likely to have internet access at home. The lack of internet access is likely to indicate a level of disadvantage and could be related to socioeconomic factors, age, or geographical isolation.

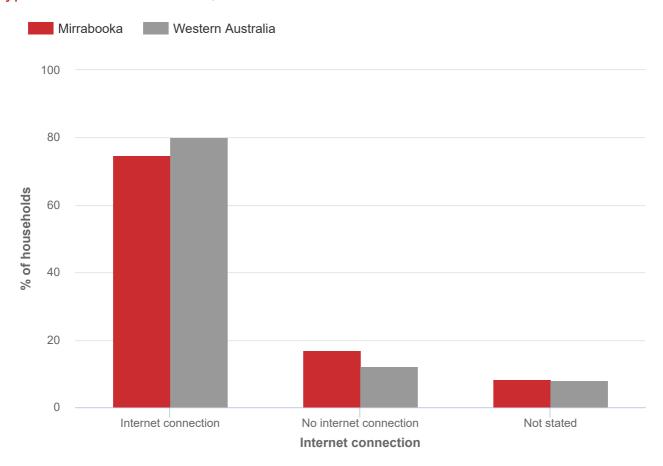
Internet connectivity in Mirrabooka should be looked at in conjunction with Household Type and Age Structure, as well as Education Levels.

Type of internet connection

Mirrabooka - Households		2016			2011		Change
Connection type	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2011 to 2016
Internet connection	12,493	74.9	80.1	10,635	68.0	75.0	+1,858
No internet connection	2,812	16.9	12.1	3,652	23.3	17.3	-840
Not stated	1,379	8.3	7.9	1,360	8.7	7.6	+19
Total households	16,684	100.0	100.0	15,647	100.0	100.0	+1,037

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2011 and 2016. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions)

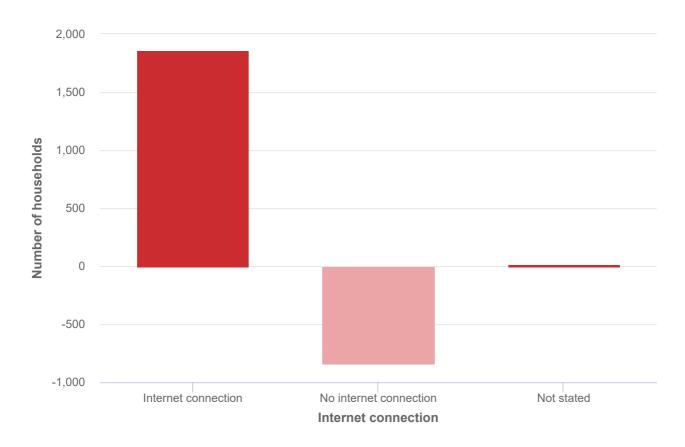
Type of internet connection, 2016



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in type of internet connection, 2011 to 2016

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2011 and 2016 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the type of internet connection of households in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a lower proportion of households with an internet connection

Overall 74.9% of households had an internet connection, compared with 80.1% in Western Australia.

Emerging groups

Between 2011 and 2016 the number of households with an internet connection increased by 1,858.

Number of cars per household

The ability of the population to access services and employment is strongly influenced by access to transport. The number of motor vehicles per household in Mirrabooka quantifies access to private transport and will be influenced by Age Structure and Household Type, which determine the number of adults present; access to Public Transport; distance to shops, services, employment and education; and Household Income. Depending on these factors, car ownership can be seen as a measure of advantage or disadvantage, or a neutral socio-economic measure, which impacts on the environment and quality of life.

Car ownership

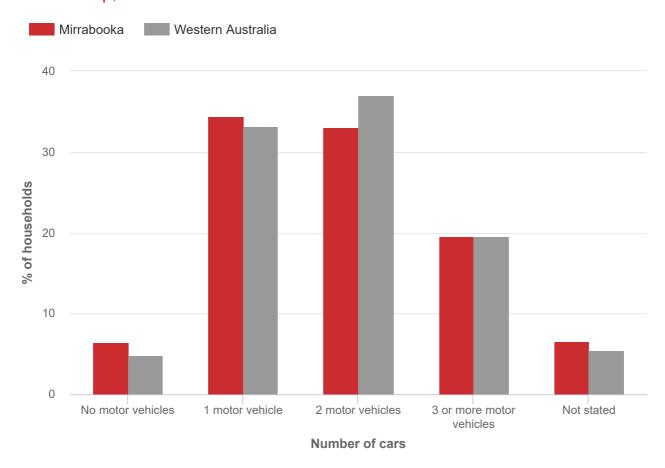
Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021			2016			Change
Number of cars	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
No motor vehicles	1,141	6.4	4.8	1,053	6.3	4.8	+88
1 motor vehicle	6,112	34.4	33.2	5,258	31.5	30.3	+854
2 motor vehicles	5,870	33.1	37.0	5,353	32.1	36.4	+517
3 or more motor vehicles	3,474	19.6	19.5	3,487	20.9	20.1	-13
Not stated	1,162	6.5	5.4	1,525	9.1	8.5	-363
Total households	17,759	100.0	100.0	16,676	100.0	100.0	+1,083

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People who travelled to work by car

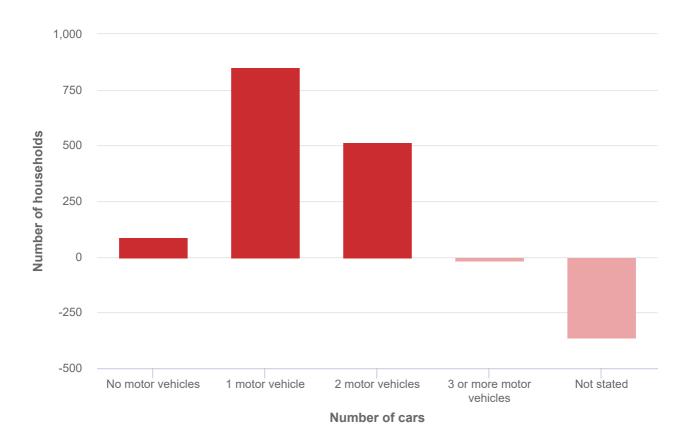
Car ownership, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in car ownership, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the car ownership of the households in Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that 87.0% of the households owned at least one car, while 6.4% did not, compared with 89.8% and 4.8% respectively in Western Australia.

Of those that owned at least one vehicle, there was a larger proportion who owned just one car; a smaller proportion who owned two cars; and a similar proportion who owned three cars or more.

Overall, 34.4% of the households owned one car; 33.1% owned two cars; and 19.6% owned three cars or more, compared with 33.2%; 37.0% and 19.5% respectively for Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the household car ownership in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were:

- 1 motor vehicle (+854 households)
- 2 motor vehicles (+517 households)
- No motor vehicles (+88 households)

Housing tenure

Mirrabooka's Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of home-owners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in Mirrabooka, Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

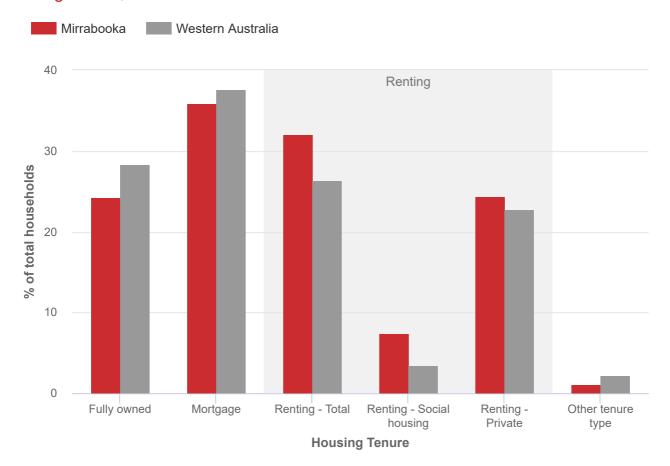
Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Housing tenure

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021		2016			Change	
Tenure type	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Fully owned	4,311	24.3	28.3	3,883	23.3	27.3	+428
Mortgage	6,380	35.9	37.6	6,255	37.5	36.9	+125
Renting - Total	5,695	32.1	26.4	4,978	29.8	25.6	+717
Renting - Social housing	1,310	7.4	3.5	1,310	7.9	3.8	0
Renting - Private	4,329	24.4	22.7	3,623	21.7	21.7	+706
Renting - Not stated	56	0.3	0.2	45	0.3	0.2	+11
Other tenure type	200	1.1	2.2	197	1.2	2.2	+3
Not stated	1,166	6.6	5.4	1,373	8.2	7.9	-207
Total households	17,752	100.0	100.0	16,686	100.0	100.0	+1,066

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u> (informed decisions).

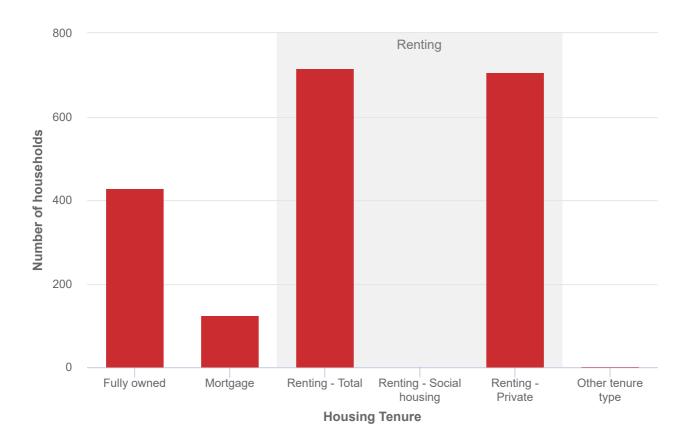
Housing tenure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in housing tenure, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of Mirrabooka in 2021 compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a smaller proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a larger proportion who were renters.

Overall, 24.3% of households owned their dwelling; 35.9% were purchasing, and 32.1% were renting, compared with 28.3%, 37.6% and 26.4% respectively for Western Australia.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in housing tenure categories for the households in Mirrabooka between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Renting Private (+706 households)
- Fully owned (+428 households)
- Mortgage (+125 households)

The total number of households in Mirrabooka increased by 1,066 between 2016 and 2021.

Housing loan repayments

Mortgage repayments are directly related to house prices in Mirrabooka, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with Household Income data it may also indicate the level of housing stress households in the community are under. In mortgage belt areas it is expected that households will be paying a higher proportion of their income on their housing compared to well-established areas. First home buyer areas are also likely to have larger mortgages than upgrader areas where households move in with equity from elsewhere.

Mortgage payment levels are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of mortgage payments over time, go to Housing Loan Quartiles.

Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Monthly housing loan repayments

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)		2021	
Monthly repayment amount	Number	%	Western Australia %
\$299 or less	374	5.9	4.4
\$300 - \$599	265	4.2	3.0
\$600 - \$999	599	9.4	6.5
\$1,000 - \$1,199	555	8.7	5.7
\$1,200 - \$1,399	802	12.6	7.7
\$1,400 - \$1,599	750	11.8	8.4
\$1,600-\$1,799	729	11.4	9.7
\$1,800 - \$1,999	406	6.4	7.3
\$2,000 - \$2,199	597	9.4	11.4
\$2,200 - \$2,399	163	2.6	4.9
\$2,400-\$2,599	109	1.7	3.7
\$2,600-\$2,999	238	3.7	6.9
\$3,000-\$3,999	215	3.4	8.5
\$4,000-\$4,999	92	1.4	3.4
\$5000 and over	72	1.1	3.0
Not stated	408	6.4	5.6
Total	6,374	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions).

Monthly housing loan repayments, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the monthly housing loan repayments of households in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of households paying high mortgage repayments (\$2,600 per month or more), and a larger proportion of households with low mortgage repayments (less than \$1,200 per month).

Overall, 9.7% of households were paying high mortgage repayments, and 28.1% were paying low repayments, compared with 21.8% and 19.6% respectively in Western Australia.

The major differences between the household loan repayments of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A *larger* percentage of \$1,200 \$1,399 (12.6% compared to 7.7%)
- A larger percentage of \$1,400 \$1,599 (11.8% compared to 8.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$3,000-\$3,999 (3.4% compared to 8.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of \$2,600-\$2,999 (3.7% compared to 6.9%)

Mirrabooka

Housing loan quartiles

Mortgage repayments in Mirrabooka are directly related to house prices, length of occupancy and the level of equity of home owners. When viewed with **Household Income** data it may also indicate the level of housing stress in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the mortgage payment profile of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Loan Repayment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Housing loan quartiles

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Loan repayment quartile group	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	2,211	37.1	25.0	1,924	32.0	25.0	+287
Medium lowest	1,967	33.0	25.0	2,037	33.9	25.0	-71
Medium highest	1,116	18.7	25.0	1,298	21.6	25.0	-182
Highest group	670	11.2	25.0	753	12.5	25.0	-83
Total households with stated mortgage repayments	5,966	100.0	100.0	6,014	100.0	100.0	-48

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by id (informed decisions).

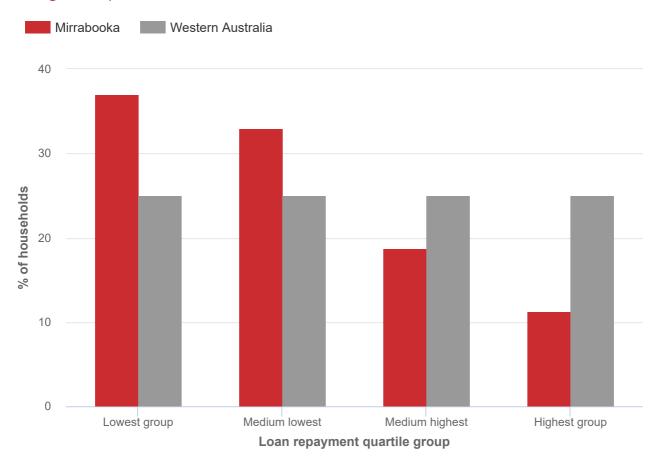
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Housing loan - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from loan repayment data for WA	Monthly housing loan repayments by Census year							
Housing loan repayment ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001			
Lowest group	\$0 to \$1,303	\$0 to \$1,314	\$0 to \$1,221	\$0 to \$826	\$0 to \$605			
Medium lowest	\$1,304 to \$1,851	\$1,315 to \$1,995	\$1,222 to \$1,969	\$827 to \$1,241	\$606 to \$855			
Medium highest	\$1,852 to \$2,501	\$1,996 to \$2,685	\$1,970 to \$2,786	\$1,242 to \$1,791	\$856 to \$1,161			
Highest group	\$2,502 and over	\$2,686 and over	\$2,787 and over	\$1,792 and over	\$1,162 and over			

- A Home owners (households who fully own their dwelling)
- a Households with a mortgage
- Median weekly mortgage repayments
- A Households paying high mortgage repayments (\$2600 or more)

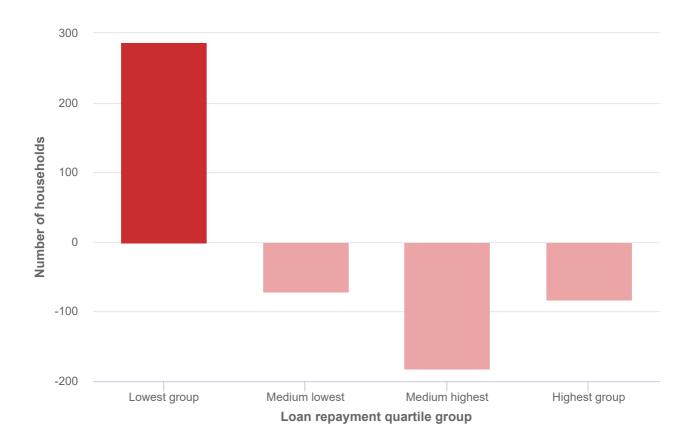
Housing loan quartiles, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in housing loan quartiles, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Housing loan repayment quartiles allow us to compare relative repayment liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by housing loan repayment quartiles in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest repayment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest repayment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households with a mortgage in Mirrabooka decreased by 6,014 between 2016 and 2021. The most significant change in Mirrabooka during this period was in the lowest quartile which showed an increase of 287 households.

Mirrabooka

Housing rental payments

Rental payments can be a better measure of the cost of housing in Mirrabooka than mortgage repayments because they are not contingent on length of occupancy or equity in the dwelling.

High rental payments may indicate desirable areas with mobile populations who prefer to rent, or a housing shortage, or gentrification. Low rental payments may indicate public housing (check **Tenure Type**), or areas where low income households move by necessity for a lower cost of living.

Rental payments are not directly comparable over time because of inflation. For comparison of rental payments over time, go to Housing Rental Quartiles.

Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Weekly housing rental payments

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)		2021	
Weekly rental amount	Number	%	Western Australia %
Less than \$100	144	2.5	3.1
\$100-\$149	572	10.0	6.0
\$150-\$199	316	5.5	5.3
\$200-\$249	370	6.5	7.2
\$250-\$299	914	16.0	11.2
\$300-\$349	1,606	28.2	16.0
\$350-\$399	1,000	17.5	16.0
\$400-\$449	335	5.9	11.2
\$450-\$499	100	1.8	7.0
\$500-\$549	43	0.8	4.0
\$550-\$649	39	0.7	3.9
\$650-\$749	15	0.3	1.8
\$750-\$849	4	0.1	1.0
\$850+	8	0.1	1.7
Not stated	236	4.1	4.7
Total households renting	5,702	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- Households renting social housing
- a Households renting privately
- Median weekly rental payments
- A High rental payments (more than \$450 per week)

Weekly housing rental payments, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the weekly housing rental payments of households in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of households paying high rental payments (\$450 per week or more), and a larger proportion of households with low rental payments (less than \$250 per week).

Overall, 3.7% of households were paying high rental payments, and 24.6% were paying low payments, compared with 19.4% and 21.6% respectively in Western Australia.

The major differences between the housing rental payments of Mirrabooka and Western Australia were:

- A larger percentage of \$300-\$349 (28.2% compared to 16.0%)
- A *larger* percentage of \$250-\$299 (16.0% compared to 11.2%)
- A smaller percentage of \$400-\$449 (5.9% compared to 11.2%)
- A smaller percentage of \$450-\$499 (1.8% compared to 7.0%)

Mirrabooka

Housing rental quartiles

Rental payments in Mirrabooka are indicative of its residential role and function and are directly related to the value of residential property. When viewed with **Household Income** data they may also indicate the level of 'housing stress' in the community.

The quartile method is the most objective method of comparing change in the rental costs of a community over time.

A detailed explanation of how Housing Rental Payment quartiles are calculated and interpreted is available in specific data notes.

Housing rental quartiles

Mirrabooka - Households (Enumerated)	2021				Change		
Quartile group	Number	%	Western Australia %	Number	%	Western Australia %	2016 to 2021
Lowest group	1,584	29.0	25.0	1,286	27.0	25.0	+298
Medium lowest	2,227	40.7	25.0	1,506	31.6	25.0	+720
Medium highest	1,313	24.0	25.0	1,561	32.8	25.0	-249
Highest group	341	6.2	25.0	409	8.6	25.0	-69
Total households with stated rent	5,466	100.0	100.0	4,765	100.0	100.0	+701

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

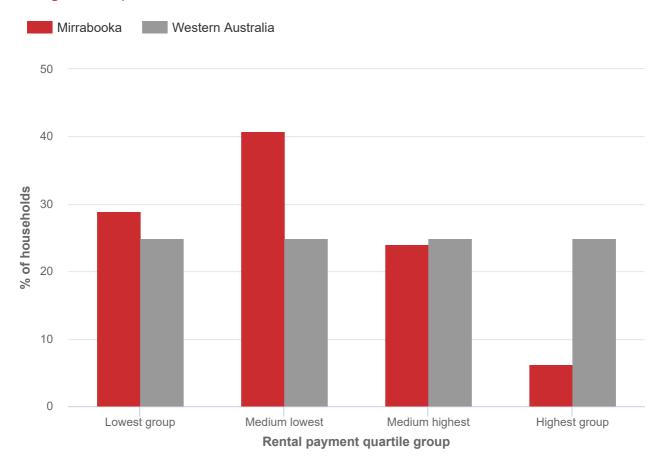
Housing rental - Quartile group dollar ranges

Calculated from rental payment data for WA	Weekly housing rental payments by Census year						
Rental payment ranges	2021	2016	2011	2006	2001		
Lowest group	\$0 to \$259	\$0 to \$254	\$0 to \$200	\$0 to \$123	\$0 to \$93		
Medium lowest	\$260 to \$345	\$255 to \$356	\$201 to \$308	\$124 to \$176	\$94 to \$132		
Medium highest	\$346 to \$429	\$357 to \$437	\$309 to \$385	\$177 to \$230	\$133 to \$177		
Highest group	\$430 and over	\$438 and over	\$386 and over	\$231 and over	\$178 and over		

a Households renting social housinga Households renting privately

- Median weekly rental payments
- A High rental payments (more than \$450 per week)

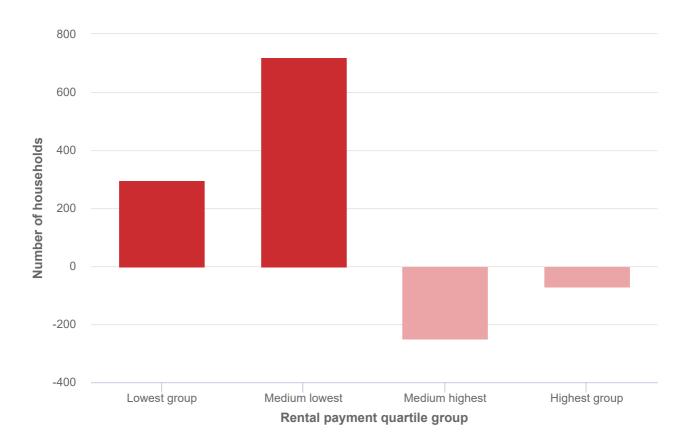
Housing rental quartiles for 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Change in housing rental quartiles, 2016 to 2021

Mirrabooka



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Rental payment quartiles allow us to compare relative rental liabilities across time. Analysis of the distribution of households by rental payment quartiles in Mirrabooka compared to Western Australia shows that there was a smaller proportion of households in the highest payment quartile, and a larger proportion in the lowest payment quartile.

Emerging groups

The total number of households renting their dwelling in Mirrabooka increased by 701 between 2016 and 2021. The most significant change during this period was in the medium lowest quartile which showed an increase of 720 households.

Western Australia

Residential building approvals

The Western Australia Parliamentary Library's building approvals are used as a leading indicator of the general level of residential development, economic activity, employment and investment. Residential building activity depends on many factors that vary with the state of the economy including interest rates, availability of mortgage funds, government spending, and business investment. Large financial changes or shocks, such as the Global Financial Crisis of 2008/09 can be observed in the data. However, the number of building approvals can fluctuate substantially from year to year simply as a result of the short-term nature of many construction projects, and the cyclical nature of the industry.

Residential building approvals

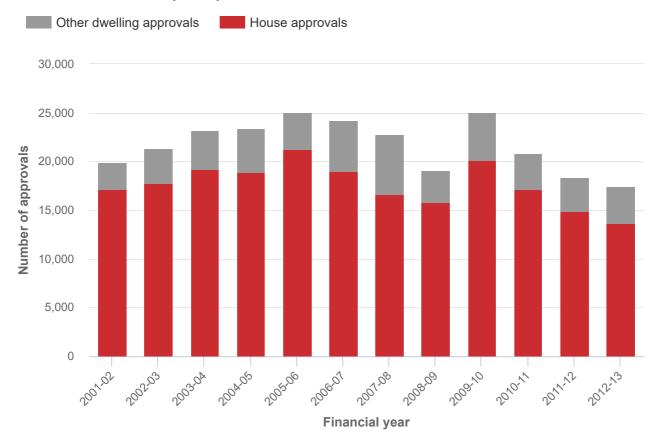
Western Australia Parliamentary Library		Number			Annual change			
Year (ending June 30)	Houses	Other	Total	Houses	Other	Total		
2012-13	13,651	3,815	17,466	-1,287	+412	-875		
2011-12	14,938	3,403	18,341	-2,213	-252	-2,465		
2010-11	17,151	3,655	20,806	-3,033	-1,179	-4,212		
2009-10	20,184	4,834	25,018	+4,343	+1,543	+5,886		
2008-09	15,841	3,291	19,132	-769	-2,929	-3,698		
2007-08	16,610	6,220	22,830	-2,355	+938	-1,417		
2006-07	18,965	5,282	24,247	-2,271	+1,460	-811		
2005-06	21,236	3,822	25,058	+2,324	-732	+1,592		
2004-05	18,912	4,554	23,466	-321	+537	+216		
2003-04	19,233	4,017	23,250	+1,461	+403	+1,864		
2002-03	17,772	3,614	21,386	+648	+840	+1,488		
2001-02	17,124	2,774	19,898					

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented in profile.id by <u>id</u> (informed decisions)

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Residential building approvals

Western Australia Parliamentary Library



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Western Australia

About the community profile

Demographic change across Australia is recorded by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the Census collections every five years. Population experts .id (informed decisions) analyse and convert these raw figures into stories of place to inform council staff, community groups, investors, business, students and the general public.

The Western Australia Parliamentary Library Electorate Profiles provides demographic analysis for the State and its suburbs based on results from the 2016, 2011, 2006, 2001, 1996 and 1991 Censuses of Population and Housing. The profile is updated with population estimates when the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) releases new figures such as the annual Estimated Resident Population (ERP).

Suburb boundaries and Census questions change over time, but .id manages the data to ensure that there is an accurate time series provided for the current geographic boundaries. You can read more about this in the Geography Notes section.

Results for the Western Australia Parliamentary Library include population, age structure, ethnicity, ancestry, religion, income, qualifications, occupations, employment, unemployment, disability, disadvantage, volunteering, childcare, family structure, household structure, housing tenure, mortgage and rental payments, and the size and type of the dwellings people live in.

The Community Profile presents this information in clear maps, tables and charts with concise factual commentary to answer three important questions:

- 1. What are the characteristics of the people who live here?
- 2. How are they changing?
- 3. How do they compare to other areas?

This provides the basis for making evidence-based decisions about how to provide services for the community as it changes.

You can be confident about the quality of the information as it is derived from Australian Bureau of Statistics data, analysed and presented by population experts and funded by the Western Australia Parliamentary Library.